

CONTENTS

GENERAL PHYSICS

CHAP.		PAGE
1.	MATHEMATICAL NOTES	1
	Complex quantities, 1. Differential equations, 5. Vectors, 8. Partial differentiation, 13.	
2.	HARMONIC MOTION	15
	S.H.M., 15. Damped vibration, 20. Pendulum, 26. Torsional vibrations, 38. Combination of motions, 38. Forced vibration, 40.	
3.	GRAVITATION	47
	Determination of G , 52. Central orbits, 56.	
4.	ELASTICITY	67
	Principal moduli, 71. Energy, 74. Cantilever, 77. Loaded beam, 79. Poisson's ratio, 80. Torsion, 80. Spiral spring, 81.	
5.	FRICTION—VISCOSITY	85
	Friction, 85. Viscosity, 86. Poiseuille's method, 87. Gases, 92. Turbulence, 95. Bernoulli's Theorem, 97. Viscometers, 98. Stokes' method, 100. Temperature effects, 101. Thixotropy, 102.	
6.	SURFACE TENSION	104
	Angle of contact, 105. Pressure and curvature, 105. Capillary rise, 106. Drop methods, 109. Cylindrical films, 111. Energy, 115. Theory of surface tension, 116. Monolayers, 119. Adsorption, 121.	

HEAT

7.	THE MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL OF TEMPERATURE	122
	Temperature scales, 122. Mercury thermometers, 123. Gases, 127. Vapour pressure thermometers, 131. Resistance thermometers, 132. Thermo-electric couples, 135. Other methods, 137. International scale, 137. Control, 139. Recording, 142.	
8.	THERMAL EXPANSION	144
	Anisotropic substances, 145. Measurement, linear coefficient, 146. X-rays, 149. Values and applications, 150. Bimetal, 151. Liquids, 154.	
9.	CALORIMETRY	162
	Definitions and units, 162. Mixtures, 163. Cooling correction, 164. Nernst, etc., 168. Cooling method, 169. Heat of reaction, 171. Fuels, 172. Continuous flow, 173. Latent heat of fusion, 176; of vaporisation, 179. Latent heat calorimetry, 180. Results: specific heats, 185; latent heats, 189. Heats of combustion and formation, 190.	

CHAP.

10. KINETIC THEORY

Pressure of gas, 196. Mixtures, 198. Gas laws, 199. Atmosphere, 200. Effusion, 203. Diffusion, 207. Transpiration, 209. Vapour pressure of metals, 210. Collisions, 211. Viscosity, 212. Thermal conductivity, 216. Diffusion coefficients, 217. Free path, 211, 219. Equipartition, 221. Brownian movement, 222.

11. ELEMENTARY THERMODYNAMICS

Mechanical equivalent, 224. First law, 226. Representations, 227. Reversibility, 229. Difference of specific heats, 231. Adiabatic change, 232. Ratio of specific heats, 233. Theory, 237.

12. PROPERTIES OF VAPOURS

Latent heat, 240. Vapour pressure, 242. Triple point, 246. Boiling, 248. Effect of curvature, 250. Vapour density, 253. Humidity, 255.

13. EQUATIONS OF STATE

High-pressure experiments, 264. Isotherms, 269. Critical phenomena, 271. Derivation of equation of state, 273. Van der Waals, 276. Tests, 281. Joule-Thomson porous plug, 283. Liquefaction of gases, 288. Rectification, 291.

14. SOLUTIONS

Colloids, 294. Osmosis, 296. Vapour pressure, 299. Boiling-point, 301. Freezing-point, 302. Molecular weights, 305.

15. CONDUCTION AND CONVECTION

Heat transfer, 308. Thermal conduction, 309. Bar, 312. Plates, 319. Sphere and cylinder, 321. Crystals, 323. Electrically heated rod, 323. Temperature waves, 325. Liquids, 329. Gases, 330. Theory and results, 332. Natural convection, 333. Forced, 334. Dimensional treatment, 335.

16. THERMAL RADIATION

Kirchhoff's law, 340. Black body, 341. Radiant energy, 342. Energy in spectrum, 346. Formulae, 353. Radiation pyrometry, 355. Pressure of radiation, 362.

17. THE SECOND LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS

Efficiency, 369. Second law, 369. Carnot, 369. Kelvin scale, 371. Clausius' Theorem, 374. Entropy, 375. Latent heat equations, 379. Very low temperatures, 385. Refrigeration, 386. Heat engines, 389. Maxwell's relations, 391. Thermodynamic potentials, 393. Joule-Thomson effect, 395. Further applications, 399.

18. STATISTICAL MECHANICS AND QUANTUM THEORY

Statistical mechanics, 404. Energy distribution, 406. Maxwell's distribution law, 411. Equipartition, 416. Linear oscillator, 418. Planck, 420. Specific heats, 421, 424. Radiation, 422. Quantisation, 426. Specific heat of gas, 427.

224

239

264

293

308

339

368

403

LIGHT

CHAP.		PAGE
19. THE NATURE AND SPEED OF LIGHT		429
Waves and rays, 430. Divisions of subject, 431. Wave-trains, 431. Group velocity, 434. Huygens' principle, 437. Combination of indices, 441. Fermat's principle, 442. Speed of light, 446.		
20. PHOTOMETRY		452
Definitions, 452. Photometers, 457. Coloured sources, 463. Illumination, 464.		
21. PLANE SURFACES AND PRISMS		470
Field of view in mirror, 470. Striated medium, 472. Critical angle, 473. Reflected intensity, 475. Refraction, 478. Astigmatic refraction, 479. Prism, 481. Dispersion, 486. Achromatism, 488. Reflecting prisms, 489. Constant-deviation, 491. Rainbow, 492.		
22. SPHERICAL MIRRORS AND THIN LENSES		496
Mirror, 496. Sign-conventions and symbols, 500. Single refracting surface, 501. Lagrange, 502. Thin lens, 503. Fields of view, 511. Defects, aberrations, 512. Wave theory, 527.		
23. LENS SYSTEMS AND THICK LENSES		531
Two separated lenses, 531. Principal points, 532. Magnification, 539. Nodal points, 540. Thick lens, 542. Equivalent lens, 545. Sphere and other examples, 545. Chromatic aberration, 548. Helmholtz relation, 550.		
24. THE EYE AND VISION		552
Structure of eye, 552. Accommodation, 554. Defects and correction, 556. Acuity, 557. Binocular vision, 558. Perspective, 560. Colour, 563. Theories, 566.		
25. GEOMETRICAL OPTICS OF OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS		568
Simple microscope, 569. Stereoscope, 571. Compound microscope, 572. Telescopes, 578. Periscope, 588. Range-finder, 589. Compound eyepieces, 592. Camera, 595. Brightness of image, 599. Projection systems, 602.		
26. THE DETERMINATION OF REFRACTIVE INDICES		606
Spectrometer, 606. Total reflection methods, 613. Miscellaneous methods, 620.		
27. THE MEASUREMENT OF OPTICAL CONSTANTS		622
Focal lengths, 622. Magnification methods, 625. Nodal slide, 627. Telescope, 628. Microscope, 629.		
28. INTERFERENCE OF LIGHT		631
Young's slits, 632. Coherence, 636. Fresnel's biprism, 637. Thin films, 640. Newton's rings, 643. Michelson interferometer, 646. Multiple reflections, 650. Fabry-Perot, 654. Refractometers, 655. Other applications, 659. Ether-drift, 660. Non-reflecting coatings, 661.		

29. DIFFRACTION	664
Slit, 665. Double slit, 671. Gratings, 672. Concave grating, 681. Fresnel's zones, 682. Circular aperture, 685. Zone plate, 689. Circular obstacle, 691. Cornu's spiral, 693. Straight edge, 694. Scattering, 696.	
30. RESOLVING POWER	699
Definitions, 699. Telescope, 700. Star diameters, 703. Microscope, 705. Spectroscopes, 706.	
31. POLARISATION AND DOUBLE REFRACTION	711
Polarisation by reflection, 714; by scattering, 717. Crystals, 718. Double refraction, 719. Wave surfaces, 722. Nicol prism, 728. Other prisms, 729. Elliptic and circular polarisation, 730. Rotatory polarisation, 737. Polarimeters, 740. Saccharimetry, 743. Faraday effect, 746. Photo-elasticity, 747. Interference with crystals, 748.	
32. SPECTROSCOPY	755
Instruments, 755. Types of spectra, 758. Line spectra, 761. Band spectra, 765. Ultra-violet and infra-red, 766. Absorption spectra, 768. Fraunhofer lines, 769. Luminiscence, 770. Dispersion, 772. Zeeman and Stark effects, 774. Applications, 779.	
33. THE ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY OF LIGHT	781
Theories, 781. Maxwell's equations, 781. Plane waves, 783. Fresnel's formulae, 787. Dispersion, 789. Total reflection, 795. Metals, 796. Photons and quanta, 799.	
SOUND	
34. THE NATURE AND SPEED OF SOUND	800
Maintained vibrations, 801. Quality, etc., 803. Echo, 806. Sound in air, 807. Gases, 810. Water, 811. Applications, 812.	
35. WAVE MOTION	814
Waves on cord, 814, 823. Plane waves, 815. Fourier analysis, 817. Wave equation, 821. Longitudinal waves, 825. Gas (theory), 827. Transverse waves (rods, etc.), 830. Torsional waves, 832. Liquids, 832. Ripples, 836. Reflection, 838. Beats, 843. Group-velocity, 845. Modes of vibration, 845. Interference, 848. Doppler effect, 850. Shock waves, 854. Wave-equations (more general), 854.	
36. FREE AND FORCED VIBRATIONS	857
Natural vibrations, 857. Maintained vibrations, 860. Resonance, 862. Tuning, 865. Coupled systems, 868. Heat and cold, 872. Sonometer, 874. Melde, 876. Kundt's tube, 876.	
37. MUSICAL SCALES AND INSTRUMENTS	880
Notation, 880. Harmony, 881. Scales, 882. Temperament, 883. Standard pitch, 885. Instruments, 885. Jets, 888. Reeds, 889. Air columns, 890. Percussion, 893. Human voice, 893.	

CHAP.		PAGE
38.	EXPERIMENTAL AND APPLIED ACOUSTICS	905
	Techniques, 895. Chladni's plate, 901. Ear, 902. Hearing, 903. Sound intensity, 907. Binaural hearing, 908. Combination tones, 909. Applications, 910.	
39.	THE COMPARISON AND MEASUREMENT OF FREQUENCIES	914
	Apparatus, 914. Lissajous figures, 919. Oscillograph, 924. Frequency standards, 925.	
ELECTRICITY		
40.	ELECTROSTATICS	927
	Definitions, 927. Doublet, 931. Energy, 934. General equations, coefficients of potential, etc., 935. Capacity, 937. Proof of inverse square, 939. Gauss' Theorem, 941; applications, 944. Energy in field, 946. Dielectrics, 946. Displacement, 950. Electrometers, 955. Electroscopes, 960. Comparison of capacities, 962.	
41.	MAGNETOSTATICS	965
	Definitions, 965. Magnetometers, 968. Gauss: proof, 971; theorem, 973. Magnetic media, 973.	
42.	ELECTRIC CURRENT	976
	Magnetic fields due to currents, 977. Helmholtz coils, 979. Magnetic shells, 982. Circuital law, 983. Force on current, 984. E.m.f., p.d., 987. Resistance, 988. Ohm's law, 989. Practical units, 989. Resistivity, 989, 991. Kirchhoff's rules, 991. Wheatstone bridge, 992. Potentiometer, 993. Ballistic galvanometer, 993. Special galvanometers, 998.	
43.	ELECTROLYSIS	1000
	Faraday's laws, 1000. Theory, 1001. Mobilities, 1005. Reversible cells, 1006. Solution pressure, 1010. Theory (Debye-Hückel), 1012.	
44.	THERMOELECTRICITY	1018
	Laws of circuit, 1020. Thermodynamic treatment, 1021. Thermo-electric diagram, 1023. Experimental measurements, 1027. Applications, 1027.	
45.	ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION	1030
	Laws of Faraday, 1030; Lenz, 1031. Magnetic flux, 1032. Earth inductor, 1034. Flux meter, 1035. Mutual inductance, 1037. Self inductance, 1038. Growth of current, 1040. Condenser charge and discharge, 1042. General circuit, oscillatory discharge, 1044.	
46.	MAGNETISATION OF MATERIALS	1048
	Types of magnetisation, 1048. Magnetometer method, 1048. Cycle, 1050. Demagnetising field, 1050. Energy, 1052. Ballistic method, 1053. Bar and yoke, 1055. Methods for low susceptibility, 1059. Theories, 1062. Curie's law, 1067. Magneto-striction, 1071.	

47. ALTERNATING CURRENTS

1073

L, R circuit, 1073. Impedance, phase, reactance, 1076. Vector diagram, 1077. Use of imaginary quantities, 1078. *R, C* circuit, 1080. *L, C, R* circuit, 1081. Parallel circuits, 1082. General Wheatstone bridge, 1083. A.C. bridges, 1084. Star-delta meshes, 1090. Kelvin double bridge, 1092. Bridges with mutual inductance, 1093. Instruments, 1094. Power, 1096. Large inductances, 1101. Wattmeters, 1102. A.C. galvanometers, 1104. Transformers, 1104. Skin effect, 1107.

48. ELECTRICAL UNITS

1110

E.S. and E.M. systems, 1110. Ratio of units, 1113. Table of units and dimensions, 1116. M.K.S. Ω system, 1116. Practical standards and absolute measurements, 1116.

49. ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES

1123

Circuital relations, 1123. Wave equation, 1125. Plane waves, 1127. Energy, 1129. Pressure, 1129. Poynting's theorem and vector, 1130. Radiation, 1131. Hertz's experiments, 1133.

50. GASES, ELECTRONS, ETC.

1135

Current in gas, 1135. Cathode rays, 1136. Electrons, 1136. Ionisation by X-rays, 1142. Saturation current, 1143. Wilson chamber, 1144. Positive rays, 1145. Mass spectrograph, 1147. Isotopes, 1148. Cathode ray oscilloscope, 1149. Radar, 1154.

51. X-RAYS

1156

Production, 1156. Intensity measurement, 1157. Absorption, 1158. Scattering, 1159. Characteristic X-rays, 1160. Crystal structure, 1161. Spectrometer, 1162. Gratings, 1166. Refractive index, 1167. Moseley's law, atomic number, 1169. Absorption limits, 1172.

52. RADIOACTIVITY

1174

Discovery, 1174. α , β , γ radiation, 1175. Radioactive changes, 1180. Radioactive equilibrium, 1183. Tables, 1185, 1186. Geiger-Nuttall relation, 1185. Isotopes, 1186. Artificial radioactivity, 1187. Cyclotron, 1188.

53. ATOMS AND RADIATION

1190

Planck's constant, 1190. Bohr atom, 1190. Hydrogen spectra, 1192. Ionisation potential, 1194. Photoelectricity, 1195. Thermionics, 1197. Triode, 1199; rectification, 1201; oscillations, 1202. Modulation, 1204. Relativity, 1204. Larmor-Lorentz transformation, 1206. Mass and energy, 1208. Experimental evidence, 1211. Compton effect, 1212. Neutrons, 1215. Cosmic rays, 1216. Positron, 1216. Mesons, 1219. Extension of Bohr theory, 1220. Zeeman effect, 1222. Gyromagnetic effect, 1224. Spinning electron, 1225. Gerlach-Stern experiment, 1225. Electronic structure of atoms, 1226. Nuclear fission, 1230. Trans-uranic elements, 1232. Isotopic tracers, 1233.

CONTENTS

TABLES

TABLE	PAGE
1. The Greek Alphabet	1235
2. Metric Prefixes	1235
3. Weights and Measures	1236
4. The Elements	1236
5. Elements in Order of Atomic Number	1238
6. Miscellaneous Data	1238
7. Fundamental Physical Constants	1239
8. Masses of Fundamental Particles	1239
9. Densities	1240
10. Moments of Inertia	1240
11. Moduli of Elasticity	1241
12. Saturation Vapour Pressure	1241
13. Logarithms	1242
14. Natural Sines	1244
15. Natural Tangents	1246
16. Reciprocals	1248
17. Radians and Degrees	1250
18. Numerical Constants	1250
19. Wavelength Standards	1251
20. Standard Wire Gauge	1251
21. Natural Logarithms and The Exponential Function	1252
 Exercises	 1253
Index	1281
Index of Symbols	1299