

# Contents

Foreword by Herman F. Mark .	vii
Preface to the English Edition .	x
Preface to the German Edition .	xi
Introduction .	1

## PART A. RESEARCH ON LOW MOLECULAR COMPOUNDS AND PUBLICATIONS ON GENERAL SUBJECTS

1. The Ketenes.	11
2. Aliphatic Diazo Compounds .	18
3. New Organic Phosphorus Compounds .	24
4. Reactions of Methylene .	28
5. Autoxidation of Organic Compounds .	31
6. Oxalyl Chloride .	36
7. Explosions .	39
8. Synthesis of Isoprene .	43
9. Insecticides .	46
10. Synthetic Pepper .	49
	xiii

<b>11.</b>	The Aroma of Roasted Coffee .	51
<b>12.</b>	Synthesis of Pharmaceuticals .	53
<b>13.</b>	Asymmetric Synthesis .	55
<b>14.</b>	Miscellaneous Investigations .	57
	1. Organic Problems .	57
	2. Inorganic Problems .	59
<b>15.</b>	Contributions to Educational Problems .	61
	Part A References .	64

## PART B. RESEARCH ON MACROMOLECULAR COMPOUNDS

<b>1.</b>	The Development of Macromolecular Chemistry during the Period from <b>1920</b> to <b>1930</b> .	77
	1. The Old Micelle Theory . . . . .	78
	2. The First Evidence for the Existence of Macromolecules	83
	3. The New Micelle Theory. . . . .	87
<b>2.</b>	Macromolecular Chemistry, a New Field of Organic Chemistry	91
<b>3.</b>	The Nature of Colloidal Solutions . . . . .	98
<b>4.</b>	Evidence for the Existence of Macromolecules . . . . .	104
<b>5.</b>	The Characterization of Macromolecular Compounds . . . . .	109
	1. Elemental Analysis . . . . .	109
	2. Investigations with the Ultra Microscope of Siedentopf and Zsigmondy, and with <b>Raman</b> Spectroscopy. . . . .	114
	3. The Fractionation of Polymolecular Mixtures . . . . .	115
<b>6.</b>	Determination of Molecular Weight . . . . .	117
	1. Determination of a Characteristic Group . . . . .	117
	2. Ultramicroscopy and Electron Microscopy . . . . .	118
	3. Cryoscopic Method . . . . .	119
	4. Osmotic Method . . . . .	120

5. Precipitation-Titration . . .	121
6. Viscometric Method . . .	121
<b>7. Viscometry . . .</b>	<b>123</b>
1. Viscosity Measurements on Solutions of Low Molecular Compounds . . .	125
2. Viscometric Investigations on Solutions of Linear Macromolecular Colloids and on Flow Birefringence . . .	128
3. The Viscosity of Heteropolar Linear Macromolecular Colloids (Polyelectrolytes) . . .	133
4. Viscometric Investigations on Spherical Colloids . . .	135
<b>8. Macromolecular Substances in the Solid State . . .</b>	<b>137</b>
1. X-Ray Diffraction Measurements . . .	137
2. Microscopic Investigation . . .	141
3. Swelling and Inclusion . . .	145
<b>9. Polymerization . . .</b>	<b>148</b>
1. Early Concepts . . .	148
2. Polymerizable Compounds . . .	149
3. The Constitution of Polymers . . .	151
4. Macropolymeric Compounds . . .	152
5. Catalysts (Initiators) . . .	153
6. Chain Reactions . . .	154
<b>10. Synthetic Macromolecular Products. . .</b>	<b>157</b>
1. Polymerizations of Cyclopentadiene . . .	157
2. Polystyrene . . .	158
3. Polyindenes, Polyanetholes, Polypropenylbenzenes, Polyvinyl Carbazols . . .	163
4. Polyisobutylene . . .	165
5. Polyvinyl Acetates, Polyvinyl Alcohols, Polyacrylic Esters, etc'. . .	167
6. Halogen-Containing Polymers . . .	171
7. Copolymers . . .	173
8. Heteropolar Macromolecular Substances (Polyelectrolytes) . . .	175
9. Polyoxymethylenes . . .	177
10. Polyoxyethylenes . . .	183

11. Polysiloxanes .	188
12. Polyesters .	189
13. Polyamides .	193
14. Aminoplasts .	195
15. High Molecular and Polycyclic Schiff's Bases .	200
<b>11. Macromolecular Natural Products .</b>	<b>202</b>
1. Rubber and Balata .	202
2. Cellulose .	211
(a) Cellulose Acetates and Cellulose Ethers .	211
(b) Cellulose Nitrates .	217
(c) Celluloses with Defects .	220
(d) Cellulose Xanthates .	222
(e) Structure of the Fibers .	223
(f) Inclusion Phenomena and Acetylation .	226
(g) The Formula of Cellulose. .	229
(h) Further Works .	230
(i) Summarizing Publications on Cellulose .	230
3. Starch, Glycogen, and Other Polysaccharides .	231
4. Wood .	233
5. On Tannins and Leather .	236
<b>12. Macromolecular Chemistry and Biology .</b>	<b>237</b>
<b>Part B References .</b>	<b>243</b>
<b>PART C. MACROMOLECULAR CHEMISTRY: HERMANN STAUDINGER'S NOBEL LECTURE, DECEMBER 11,1953 .</b>	<b>280</b>