

Table of Contents

Foreword. . .	
Introduction.	1

PART I – THEORETICAL CONSIDERATIONS

Chapter 1 General Principles	
1.1 Solid Ion-Exchange Membranes . . .	.. 10
1.2 Liquid Membranes. . . . .	.. 11
1.2.1 Electrically Charged Ligands	.. 11
1.2.2 Electrically Neutral Ligands.	.. 14
Chapter 2 Selectivity	
2.1 The Selectivity Coefficient . . . . .	.. 16
2.2 Determination of Selectivity Coefficients	.. 17
Chapter 3 Response Time*	24
Chapter 4 Analytical Techniques	
4.1 Direct Potentiometry . . . . .	.. 29
4.1.1 Known Addition Methods. . . . .	.. 31
4.1.2 The Differential Potentiometric Method	.. 33
4.2 Potentiometric Titration. . . . .	.. 34
4.2.1 Differential Potentiometric Titrations . .	.. 35
4.2.2 Gradient Titrations . . . . .	.. 36
4.2.3 Titration Errors. . . . .	.. 37
Chapter 5 Non-Aqueous Media	
5.1 Cationic Glass Electrodes	42
5.2 Resin Membrane Electrodes.	45
5.3 Homogeneous Membrane Electrodes .	46
5.4 Heterogeneous Membrane Electrodes	48

PART II – APPLICATIONS IN ORGANIC ANALYSIS

Chapter 6 Halogenated Compounds	
6.1 Determination of Halogens	53
6.1.1 Chlorine, Bromine and Iodine	57
6.1.2 Microdetermination in Non-Aqueous Medium	61
6.1.4 Fluorine	62
6.1.4.1 Direct potentiometry	62
6.1.4.2 Potentiometric titration	66
6.1.5 Fluorine in Boron and Phosphorus Compounds	69
6.2 Halogens in Pharmaceuticals and Alkaloids	71
6.2.1 Chlorine, Bromine and Iodine in Pharmaceuticals	71
6.2.2 Alkaloids	76
6.2.3 Fluorine in Pharmaceuticals	77
6.3 Other Applications of Halide-Selective Electrodes	83
6.3.1 Aluminium Chloride Di-isopropoxide	83
6.3.2 Oscillating Chemical Reactions	84
Chapter 7 Hydroxy Compounds	
7.1 Alcohols	87
7.2 Vicinal Glycols	89
7.3 Epoxy Resins	93
Chapter 8 Sulphur Compounds	
8.1 Analysis with Oxidative or Reductive Decomposition	96
8.2 Analysis without Preliminary Decomposition	99
8.2.1 Thiols	99
8.2.1.1 Direct potentiometry	100
8.2.1.2 Potentiometric titration	102
8.2.2 Thiourea and its Derivatives	106
8.2.3 Thioacetamide	109
8.2.4 Dithiocarbamates	111
Chapter 9 Boron and Arsenic Compounds	
9.1 Tetraphenylborates	114
9.2 Tetraphenylarsonium Compounds	117
Chapter 10 Nitrogen Compounds	
10.1 Biological Polyamines	120
10.2 Amino Groups	122
10.3 Quaternary Ammonium Ions	123
10.4 Azide	128

Chapter 11 Carboxylic Acids and their Derivatives	
11.1 Carboxylic Acids. . . . .	. 131
11.1.1 With Liquid-Membrane Electrodes . . . . .	. 131
11.1.2 With Coated Wire Electrodes . . . . .	. 137
11.1.3 Potentiometric Determination of Oxalate. . . . .	. 138
11.2 Detergents . . . . .	. 141
11.2.1 Anionic Detergents . . . . .	. 141
11.2.2 Cationic Detergents . . . . .	. 148
Chapter 12 Derivatives of Carbonic Acid	
12.1 Urea	151
12.1.1 Conditioned Cationic Glass Electrodes.	151
12.1.2 Conditioned Heterogeneous Electrodes	155
12.1.3 Ammonia Gas-Sensing Electrodes	156
12.1.4 Air-Gap Electrodes	159
12.2 <i>p</i> -Urazine.	160
12.3 Alkyl-bi-guanide	162
Chapter 13 Hydroxycarboxylic Acids	
13.1 Lactic Acid and Lactate	164
13.2 Salicylate.	166
Chapter 14 Sugars and their Derivatives	
14.1 Glucose . . . . .	. . . 169
14.2 Amygdalin . . . . .	. . . 175
14.3 Other Sugars.	177
Chapter 15 Compounds containing Nitrogen and other Functional Groups *	
15.1 Choline and its Esters.	178
15.2 Ephedrine and Methylephedrine.	180
15.3 Amino-Acids	182
15.3.1 Conditioned Cationic Glass Electrodes.	182
15.3.2 Other Conditioned Electrodes	184
15.3.3 Liquid-Membrane Electrodes	187
15.3.4 Potentiometric Titration.	187
15.4 Nitriloacetic Acid	188
15.5 Proteins.	188
15.6 Sulpha Drugs	190
Chapter 16 Heterocyclic Aromatic Compounds	
16.1 Penicillins	192
16.2 Uric Acid.	194
16.3 Vitamins	195

Chapter 17 Enzymes	
17.1 Cholinesterase and Acetylcholinesterase.	.. 197
17.2 Urease and Arginase . . . . .	.. 200
17.3 α -Glucosidase and Rhodanese . . . . .	.. 202
17.4 Other Enzymes . . . . .	.. 204
References	207
Index	226