

Contents

	Page
Foreword.....	III
Preface.....	IV
Editor's Note.....	V

1. General Calorimetry and Techniques

Pnpr	
1.1. Introduction, Calorimetry of non-reacting systems. Ginnings, D. C., Chapter in Experimental Thermodynamics, Ed. J. P. McCullough and D. W. Scott, Vol. 1 , Calorimetry of Non-reacting Systems, Chapt. 1, 1-13 (Butterworth & Co., London, England, 1968). Key words: Definitions; heat units and constants; methods of calorimetry; standard reference substances; symbols; terminology-----	1
1.2. Principles of calorimetric design. Ginnings, D. C., West, E. D., Chapter in Experimental Thermodynamics, Ed. J. P. McCullough and D. W. Scott, Vol. 1 , Calorimetry of non-reacting systems, Chapt. 4, 85-131 (Butterworth & Co., London, England, 1968). Key words: Design principles; heat leak errors; heat transfer; temperature gradients in calorimeters; tempering of leads. -----	15
1.3. Calorimetry of saturated fluids including determination of enthalpies of vaporization. Ginnings, D. C., Stimson, H. F., Chapter in Experimental Thermodynamics, Ed. J. P. McCullough and D. W. Scott, Vol. 1 , Calorimetry of Non-reacting Systems, Chapt. 11, 395-420 (Butterworth & Co., London, England, 1968). Key words: Adiabatic calorimetry; heat capacity; heats of vaporization-----	62
1.4. Heat capacity of a two-phase system, with applications to vapor corrections in calorimetry. Hoge, H. J., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 36 , No. 2, 111-118 (Feb. 1946). Key words: Heat capacity corrections; heat of fusion corrections; two-phase calorimetry; vapor corrections-----	88
1.5. Heating rate as a test of adiabatic calorimeters and the heat capacity of α -alumina. West, E. D., Trans. Faraday Soc. 59 , Part 9, 1-4 (Sep. 1963). Key words: Errors in calorimetry; temperature gradients in calorimeters-----	96
1.6. A two-body model for calorimeters with constant temperature environment. West, E. D., and Churney, K. L., J. Appl. Physics 39 , 4206-4215 (1968). Key words: Heat leak errors; isoperibol calorimeter, temperature gradients in calorimeters; theory of calorimetry-----	100

Contents

Paper	Page
1.7. Electrical resistances of wires of low temperature coefficient of resistance useful in calorimetry (10° – 380° K). Furukawa, G. T., Reilly, M. L., and Saba, W. G., Rev. Sci. Instr. 35, 113–114 (Jan. 1964). Key words: Low temperature calorimetry; resistance wires for low temperatures-----	110
1.8. Techniques in calorimetry.—I. A noble metal thermocouple for differential use. West, E. D., Rev. Sci. Instr. 31, 896 (Aug. 1960). Key words: Differential thermocouple; high temperature calorimetry-----	111
1.9. Calorimetric determination of the half-life of polonium. Ginnings, D. C., Ball, A. F., and Vier, D. T., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 50, 75–79 (Feb. 1953). Key words: Ice calorimeter; radioactive power measurements-----	112
1.10. Heats of transformation in bismuth oxide by differential thermal analysis. Levin, E. M., and McDonald, C. L., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 69A (Phys. and Chem.) No. 6, 237–243 (May–June 1965). Key words: Differential thermal analysis-----	117

2. Cryoscopic Measurements

2.1. Comparison of cryoscopic determinations of purity of benzene by thermometric and calorimetric procedures. Glasgow, A. R., Ross, G. S., Horton, A. T., Enagonio, D., Dixon, H. D., Saylor, C. P., Furukawa, G. T., Reilly, M. L., and Henning, J. M. Anal. Chim. Acta 17, 54 (1957). Key words: Purity by heat measurements-----	127
2.2. A cryoscopic study of the solubility of uranium in liquid sodium at 97.8° C. Douglas, T. B., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 52, No. 5, 223–226 (May 1954). Key words: Solubility measurements by calorimetry-----	153

3. Low Temperature Calorimetry

3.1. Continuously operating He^3 refrigerator for producing temperatures down to $\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$ K. Ambler, E., and Dove, R. B., Rev. Sci. Instr. 32, No. 6, 737–739 June 1961). Key words: Low temperature calorimetry; He^3 refrigerator----	159
3.2. Apparatus for determination of pressure-density-temperature relations and specific heats of hydrogen to 350 atmospheres at temperatures above 14° K. Goodwin, R. D., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 65C, (Eng. and Inst.) No. 4, 231–243 (Oct.–Dec. 1961). Key words: PVT measurements at low temperatures; gas heat capacities; and densities-----	162

C o n t e n t s

Paper	Page
3.3. Detection and damping of thermal-acoustic oscillations in low-temperature measurement's. Ditmars, D. A., and Furukawa, G. T., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 69C , (Eng. and Inst.) No. 1, 35-38 (Jan.-Mar. 1965). Key words: Heat transfer by gas oscillations-----	175

4. High Temperature Calorimetry

4.1. High temperature drop calorimetry. Douglas, T. B., and King, E. G., Chapter in Experimental Thermodynamics, Ed. J. P. McCullough and D. W. Scott, Vol. 1 , Calorimetry of Non-reacting Systems, Chapt. 8, 293-331 (Butterworth & Co., London, England, 1968). Key words: Enthalpy measurements at high temperatures; ice calorimeter; isoperibol calorimeter; furnaces-----	181
4.2. A calorimetric determination of the enthalpy of graphite from 1200 to 2600° K. West, E. D., and Ishihara, S., Advances in Thermophysical Properties at Extreme Temperatures and Pressures, Am. Soc. Mech. Engineers (1965). Key words: Drop calorimetry; high temperature calorimetry-----	220
4.3. Dynamic measurements of heat capacity and other thermal properties of electrical conductors at high temperatures. Cezairliyan, A., and Beckett, C. W. (Abstract). Key words: Radiation emittance; electrical resistivity; heat capacities, pulse calorimetry-----	226
4.4. The vapor pressure, vapor dimerization, and heat of sublimation of aluminum fluoride, using the entrainment method. Krause, R. F. Jr., and Douglas, T. B., J. Phys. Chem. 72, No. 2, 475-481 (Feb. 1968). Key words: Heat of sublimation, vapor pressures at high temperatures-----	227

5. Reaction Calorimetry

5.1. Precise measurement of heat of combustion with a bomb calorimeter. Jessup, R. S., Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) Monograph 7 (Peb. 1960). Key words: Techniques in bomb calorimetry-----	237
5.2. Heat of isomerization of the two butadienes. Prosen, E. J., Maron, F. W., and Rossini, F. D., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 42, No. 3, 269-277 (Mar. 1949). Key words: Bomb calorimetry-----	262
5.3. Heats of formation of diborane and pentaborane. Prosen, E. J., Johnson, W. H., and Pergiel, F. Y., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 61, No. 1, 247-250 (Oct. 1958). Key words: Heats of formation-----	271

C o n t e n t s

Paper	Page
5.4. Studies in bomb calorimetry. A new determination of the energy of combustion of benzoic acid in terms of electrical units. Churney, K. L. and Armstrong, G. T., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 72A (Phys. and Chem.), No. 5, 453–465 (Sep.–Oct. 1968). Key words: Errors in bomb calorimetry; techniques in bomb calorimetry; benzoic acid standard-----	275
5.5. Constant pressure flame calorimetry with fluorine. II. The heat of formation of oxygen difluoride. Icing, R. C., and Armstrong, G. T., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 72A (Phys. and Chem.), No. 2, 113–131 (Mar.–Apr. 1968). Key words: Flame calorimetry; flow combustion calorimetry; fluorine calorimetry-----	288
6. Heat Transfer	
6.1. Heat conduction through insulating supports in very low temperature equipment. Mikesell, R. P., and Scott, R. B., J. Res. Nnt. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 57, No. 6, 371–378 (Dec. 1956). Key words: Low temperature insulation-----	309
6.2. Thermal conductivity of gases, I. The coaxial cylinder cell. Guildner, L. A., J. Res. Nnt. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 66A , No. 4, 333–340 (Jul.–Aug. 1962). Key mords: Gas thermal conductivity-----	317
6.3. A radial-flow apparatus for determining the thermal conductivity of loose-fill insulations to high temperatures. Flynn, D. R., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 67C (Eng. and Instr.), No. 2, 129–137 (Apr.–June 1963). Key words: High temperature thermal conductivities-----	325
6.4. Measurements of the thermal conductivity and electrical resistivity of platinum from 100 to 900 °C. Flynn D. R., and O'Hagan, M. E., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 71C , (Engr. and Instr.) No. 4, 255–278 (Oct.–Dec. 1968). Key words: High temperature thermal conductivity and electrical resistivity-----	334
6.5. Emissivities of metallic surfaces at 76°K. Fulk, M. M., and Reynolds, M. M., J. Appl. Phys. 28, No. 12, 1464–1467 (Dec. 1957). Key mords: Radiation emissivity measurements-----	358
6.6. An apparatus for measurement of thermal conductivities for solids at low temperatures. Powell, R. L., Rogers, W. M. and Coffin, D. O., J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) 59, No. 5; 349–355 (Nov. 1957). Key words: Low temperature thermal conductivities-----	362
Author index-----	372
Subject index-----	369
SI physical units (inside the back cover).	