

Index

- abrasives 72
- acceptable exposure limits (AEL) 407
- active nanostructures 6–7
- active transport 366
- adsorption reactions 275
- AEL *see* acceptable exposure limits
- aerosols
 - characterization 36, 179–80, 196–200, 336
 - exposure to nanoparticles 310, 313–18, 327–8, 336, 341, 348
 - see also* atmospheric nanoparticles; ultrafine particles
- AFM *see* atomic force microscopy
- agglomeration
 - aquatic nanoparticles 220–1, 224, 232, 236
 - exposure to nanoparticles 311, 317–18, 321–2, 332, 335–6, 343
- aggregation
 - chemical properties 98–9
 - environmental fate 270–2
 - exposure to nanoparticles 311, 318, 332, 343
 - kinetics 129–30, 136–40
 - natural colloids 129–30, 136–40
 - size/shape–property relationships 98–9
- air pollution *see* atmospheric nanoparticles
- allergens 368
- aluminium nanoparticles
 - ecotoxicology 289
 - human toxicology 374
 - natural colloids 114–16, 121–2, 132
- aluminium phyllosilicates 114–15
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI) 23
- American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) 4, 23
- ammonium nitrate 175–6
- analytical procedures
 - aquatic nanoparticles 211–66
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 187–200
 - chemical composition 196–200
 - chemical properties 221–2, 223
 - colloid formation 212–14, 224, 232, 245–7
 - crystalline structure 221, 237–47
 - definitions 212–14
 - detection and characterization 21, 23
 - dispersion/agglomeration 220–1, 224, 232, 236
 - dissolution rates 223
 - ecotoxicology 253–4
 - electromagnetic scattering methods 229
 - elemental analysis 244–7
 - environmental fate 252–3
 - exposure to nanoparticles 330–8
 - fractionation methods 230–6
 - future developments 23–4
 - human toxicology 381
 - initial material characterization 252
 - light scattering methods 224–9
 - mass concentration 189, 194–5
 - method validation 251–2
 - microscopic methods 237–49
 - monitoring nanopollution 254–5
 - number/mass concentration 220, 227–8
 - overview 2, 4
 - particle number concentration 188–93
 - particle size distribution 214–19, 226–9, 234–5, 243
 - physical properties 33–4
 - sampling considerations 212–14, 224, 240, 247, 330–1, 337–8
 - shape 219–20, 228
 - spectroscopic methods 249–51
 - surface characteristics 188, 193–4, 222–3, 250–1
 - test strategy 252–5
 - trace constituents 223

- see also individual techniques*
- ANSI *see* American National Standards Institute
- aquatic nanoparticles
- analytical procedures 211–66
 - bioavailability 111
 - chemical properties 221–2, 223
 - colloid formation 1–2, 109–12, 212–14, 224, 232, 245–7
 - crystalline structure 221, 237–47
 - dispersion/agglomeration 220–1, 224, 232, 236
 - dissolution rates 223
 - ecotoxicology 253–4, 277–8
 - electromagnetic scattering methods 229
 - elemental analysis 244–7
 - environmental fate 17–18, 136–41, 252–3
 - fractionation methods 230–6
 - initial material characterization 252
 - inorganic colloids 114–17
 - interaction forces 126–36
 - light scattering methods 224–9
 - method validation 251–2
 - microscopic methods 237–49
 - monitoring nanopollution 254–5
 - natural colloids 109–41
 - number/mass concentration 220, 227–8
 - organic macromolecules 117–24, 133–5, 137–8, 140–1
 - particle size distribution 214–19, 226–9, 234–5, 243
 - physical properties 121–36, 214–23
 - sampling considerations 212–14, 224, 240, 247
 - shape 219–20, 228
 - sources 212
 - spectroscopic methods 249–51
 - surface characteristics 222–3, 250–1
 - test strategy 252–5
 - trace constituents 223
 - transport processes 110–11
- architecture *see* physical properties
- arrested precipitation 58–9
- asbestos
- applications 66–7
 - human toxicology 357, 370, 373, 380
 - preparative methods 54
 - risk assessment 401
- aspect ratio 16
- aquatic nanoparticles 220
 - exposure to nanoparticles 319, 334–5, 351–2
 - human toxicology 370–3, 380
 - risk assessment 401
- asthma 364
- ASTM *see* American Society for Testing and Materials
- atmospheric nanoparticles 163–209
- analytical procedures 187–200
 - chemical composition 178–80, 196–200
 - coagulation scavenging 177, 181–2
 - concentrations 182–7
 - condensation mechanisms 168, 170, 176–8, 181–2
 - environmental fate 17, 181–2
 - exposure to nanoparticles 321–2
 - human toxicology 360, 367–8, 370–2
 - indoor sources 171–4
 - industrial sources 174–5
 - mass concentration 189, 194–5
 - meteorological factors 175–8
 - natural sources 175, 177
 - nucleation mechanisms 166–70, 175–9, 184–7
 - occupational exposure 187–9
 - overview 2, 163–4
 - particle number concentration 188–93
 - primary sources 164–75
 - risk assessment 398–9, 410
 - secondary sources 175–8
 - sources 164–78
 - spatial variations 182–5
 - surface area 188, 193–4
 - temporal variations 185–7
 - vehicle emissions 164–71, 179–80, 182–7, 368, 375–6
- atomic force microscopy (AFM)
- aquatic nanoparticles 247–9
 - exposure to nanoparticles 337
 - natural colloids 120, 124, 130, 135
 - overview 4
- attrition methods 315–16
- bacteria 277–81, 290–1, 295–7
- bactericides 70–1
- baking dust 396
- BET *see* Brauner–Emmett–Teller
- bioaccumulation 283–4, 292, 378, 415
- bioavailability 111, 372
- biologically relevant aerosol fraction 327
- biomass burning 175
- biopolymers 137
- biotic ligand model (BLM) 111
- block copolymers 43, 64–5, 71
- bottom up approach 55–9
- Bradford Hill's criteria 404–5
- brake-wear emissions 171–2
- Brauner–Emmett–Teller (BET) analysis 336

- see also individual techniques*
- ANSI *see* American National Standards Institute
- aquatic nanoparticles
 analytical procedures 211–66
 bioavailability 111
 chemical properties 221–2, 223
 colloid formation 1–2, 109–12, 212–14, 224, 232, 245–7
 crystalline structure 221, 237–47
 dispersion/agglomeration 220–1, 224, 232, 236
 dissolution rates 223
 ecotoxicology 253–4, 277–8
 electromagnetic scattering methods 229
 elemental analysis 244–7
 environmental fate 17–18, 136–41, 252–3
 fractionation methods 230–6
 initial material characterization 252
 inorganic colloids 114–17
 interaction forces 126–36
 light scattering methods 224–9
 method validation 251–2
 microscopic methods 237–49
 monitoring nanopollution 254–5
 natural colloids 109–41
 number/mass concentration 220, 227–8
 organic macromolecules 117–24, 133–5, 137–8, 140–1
 particle size distribution 214–19, 226–9, 234–5, 243
 physical properties 121–36, 214–23
 sampling considerations 212–14, 224, 240, 247
 shape 219–20, 228
 sources 212
 spectroscopic methods 249–51
 surface characteristics 222–3, 250–1
 test strategy 252–5
 trace constituents 223
 transport processes 110–11
- architecture *see* physical properties
- arrested precipitation 58–9
- asbestos
 applications 66–7
 human toxicology 357, 370, 373, 380
 preparative methods 54
 risk assessment 401
- aspect ratio 16
 aquatic nanoparticles 220
 exposure to nanoparticles 319, 334–5, 351–2
 human toxicology 370–3, 380
 risk assessment 401
- asthma 364
- ASTM *see* American Society for Testing and Materials
- atmospheric nanoparticles 163–209
 analytical procedures 187–200
 chemical composition 178–80, 196–200
 coagulation scavenging 177, 181–2
 concentrations 182–7
 condensation mechanisms 168, 170, 176–8, 181–2
 environmental fate 17, 181–2
 exposure to nanoparticles 321–2
 human toxicology 360, 367–8, 370–2
 indoor sources 171–4
 industrial sources 174–5
 mass concentration 189, 194–5
 meteorological factors 175–8
 natural sources 175, 177
 nucleation mechanisms 166–70, 175–9, 184–7
 occupational exposure 187–9
 overview 2, 163–4
 particle number concentration 188–93
 primary sources 164–75
 risk assessment 398–9, 410
 secondary sources 175–8
 sources 164–78
 spatial variations 182–5
 surface area 188, 193–4
 temporal variations 185–7
 vehicle emissions 164–71, 179–80, 182–7, 368, 375–6
- atomic force microscopy (AFM)
 aquatic nanoparticles 247–9
 exposure to nanoparticles 337
 natural colloids 120, 124, 130, 135
 overview 4
- attrition methods 315–16
- bacteria 277–81, 290–1, 295–7
- bactericides 70–1
- baking dust 396
- BET *see* Brauner–Emmett–Teller
- bioaccumulation 283–4, 292, 378, 415
- bioavailability 111, 372
- biologically relevant aerosol fraction 327
- biomass burning 175
- biopolymers 137
- biotic ligand model (BLM) 111
- block copolymers 43, 64–5, 71
- bottom up approach 55–9
- Bradford Hill's criteria 404–5
- brake-wear emissions 171–2
- Brauner–Emmett–Teller (BET) analysis 336

- British Standards Institution (BSI) 4, 23, 310–11, 330, 358
- buckminsterfullerene 312, 369
- cadmium nanoparticles
 - analytical procedures 250–1
 - ecotoxicology 299
 - physical properties 47, 52–3
 - size/shape–property relationships 83, 96–8
- cadmium selenide nanoparticles 96–8
- cadmium selenide/telluride *see* quantum dots
- calcium sulfate 55–6
- capillary electrophoresis 235–6
- capping agents 223, 250
- carbon black
 - applications 66, 67
 - exposure to nanoparticles 308, 319, 342, 344
 - human toxicology 361–4, 367–8, 371
 - preparative methods 62
- carbon nanoparticles
 - ecotoxicology 10–11, 289–93
 - environmental fate 19–20
 - physical properties 39
 - preparative methods 60–3
 - see also* carbon black; carbon nanotubes; fullerenes
- carbon nanotubes (CNTs)
 - analytical procedures 235
 - definitions 4
 - ecotoxicology 280–2, 290–3
 - environmental fate 18
 - exposure to nanoparticles 308, 312, 319, 323, 328, 338–41, 352
 - human toxicology 369, 370–3
 - physical properties 39, 48–9
 - preparative methods 60–1
- carborundum 316
- catalysis 46
- cation exchange reactions 96–8
- causality 404–5
- centrifugation 232–3
- ceramic nanoparticles 11
- cerium nanoparticles
 - applications 9
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 170
 - ecotoxicology 272, 293, 296
 - exposure to nanoparticles 326
 - human toxicology 375–6
 - overview 3
 - preparative methods 63
- certified reference materials (CRM) 251–2
- CFT *see* classical filtration theory
- CFUF *see* cross-flow ultrafiltration
- charge stabilisation 41–2
- Chemical Agents Directive 396, 398
- chemical properties
 - aggregation 98–9
 - analytical procedures 221–2, 223
 - aquatic nanoparticles 221–2, 223
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 178–80, 196–200
 - cation exchange reactions 96–8
 - classification 12–13
 - human toxicology 358–9, 379–80
 - overview 1
 - preparative methods 53
 - redox chemistry 81–7, 100
 - risk assessment 394, 401, 403, 408, 413–14
 - size/shape–property relationships 81–92, 94–99
 - surface functionality 223, 250
 - surface speciation 223
- chemical vapour deposition (CVD) 61, 313, 315, 322
- chemicals safety assessments (CSA) 411–13
- classic light scattering 226–7
- classical filtration theory (CFT) 143–7
- classification of nanoparticles 12–14, 21–3
- clay particle aggregation 114
- cleaning activities 172–3
- cmc *see* critical micelle concentration
- CNTs *see* carbon nanotubes
- coagulation scavenging 177, 181–2
- coatings 92–3, 123–4
- cobalt nanoparticles 96, 98
- colloid formation
 - analytical procedures 212–14, 224, 232, 245–7
 - aquatic nanoparticles 1–2, 109–12, 212–14, 224, 232, 245–7
 - ecotoxicology 270
 - exposure to nanoparticles 315, 322
 - physical properties 37, 41–5
 - terrestrial nanoparticles 109–12
 - see also* natural colloids
- colloidal organic matter (COM) 117
- combustion of hydrocarbons
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 164–72, 174–5, 179–80, 182–7
 - human toxicology 368, 375–6
- composite materials 323–4
- condensation mechanisms 168, 170, 176–8, 181–2
- condensation particle counters (CPC) 188–90, 332–4, 338
- conductivity 50–2
- consumer exposure 321, 324–6
- contaminated land remediation 69–70, 321

- Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) Regulations 346, 396, 398, 409
- cooking activities 171–2
- copolymers 43, 64–5, 71
- copper nanoparticles 52, 281–2, 288, 298
- COSHH *see* Control of Substances Hazardous to Health
- cosmetics 71–2, 358
- cost factors 54
- CPC *see* condensation particle counters
- critical micelle concentration (cmc) 44–5
- CRM *see* certified reference materials
- cross-flow ultrafiltration (CFUF) 230–2
- crystalline silica 357, 376–7, 398
- CSA *see* chemicals safety assessments
- CVD *see* chemical vapour deposition
- daphnids
- ecotoxicology 277–8, 280–1, 285–9, 291–5, 299
 - exposure to nanoparticles 376
 - risk assessment 409
- dark-field optical microscopy 277
- DDL *see* diffuse double layers
- DEFRA *see* Department for the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs
- degradation pathways 89–98
- dendritic nanoparticles 37–8, 313
- Department of the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) 325–6, 380, 390
- Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) 307
- deposition 318
- dermal exposure 325, 328–9, 349–50
- human toxicology 372, 376
 - risk assessment 413
- diatoms 116
- diesel emissions 164–70, 172, 179, 368, 375–6
- diffuse double layers (DDL) 122–3
- diffusion
- barriers 50–1
 - chargers 188, 194
 - exposure to nanoparticles 316–17
 - human toxicology 365–6
 - rates 50
- diffusion limited aggregation (DLA) 138–9
- dilution ratios 166–7
- dimensional scale of the universe 4–5
- disaggregation 140–1
- dispersing agents 270
- dispersion
- aquatic nanoparticles 220–1, 224, 232, 236
 - environmental fate 270–2
 - preparative methods 53–4
- dissolution
- aquatic nanoparticles 223
 - ecotoxicology 270, 272–4
 - size/shape–property relationships 89–91
- dissolved organic matter (DOM) 117
- DLA *see* diffusion limited aggregation
- DLS *see* dynamic light scattering
- DLVO theory 126–30, 146, 270–1
- DOM *see* dissolved organic matter
- dosimetry 23
- double layer interactions 128
- drug delivery 9, 71
- exposure to nanoparticles 329
 - human toxicology 369
- DSSC *see* dye sensitised solar cells
- DTI *see* Department of Trade and Industry
- dumbbell nanoparticles 37–8
- dye sensitised solar cells (DSSC) 52–3, 69–70
- dynamic light scattering (DLS) 225–6, 293
- EAD *see* electrical aerosol detectors
- economic factors 6
- ecotoxicology 267–305
- adsorption reactions 275
 - analytical procedures 253–4
 - aquatic nanoparticles 253–4
 - bioaccumulation 283–4, 292
 - carbon-based nanoparticles 289–93
 - carriers of coexisting contaminants 11
 - cellular uptake 276–80
 - colloid formation 270
 - copper nanoparticles 281–2, 288, 298
 - direct toxicity 10–11
 - dissolution 270, 272–4
 - effects on micro-ecosystems 11–12
 - exposure routes 275–7
 - future investigations 23–4
 - iron nanoparticles 273, 275, 288, 299
 - membrane damage 280–1
 - metal oxides 272–4, 277–8, 282, 293–6
 - overview 1, 2, 267–9
 - physical properties 72, 268, 273
 - quantum dots 277–8, 282, 298–9
 - reactive oxygen species 282–3
 - redox reactions 273–5
 - release of toxic species 281–2
 - risk assessment 389, 394, 405–6, 415
 - silver nanoparticles 280, 288, 296–8
 - sources of nanoparticles 269

- sources/pathways of nanomaterials 14
- study review 285–9
- testing protocols 284–5
- toxicity mechanisms 280–3
- see also* environmental fate
- EDCs *see* endocrine disrupting chemicals
- EDX *see* energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy
- EELS *see* electron energy loss spectroscopy
- electrical aerosol detectors (EAD) 336
- electrical low pressure impactors (ELPI) 188–9, 192–3, 196, 333, 335, 337–8
- electrochemical deposition 313
- electromagnetic scattering methods 229
- electron energy loss spectroscopy (EELS) 241, 243, 246
- electron microscopy 188, 191–2, 237–47
- electrophoresis 235–6
- ELPI *see* electrical low pressure impactors
- endocrine disrupting chemicals (EDCs) 110
- endocytosis 276–7, 366
- energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDX) 241–3, 245–6
- environmental applications 8–9
- environmental colloids *see* natural colloids
- environmental fate
 - aggregation/dispersion 270–2
 - analytical procedures 252–3
 - aquatic nanoparticles 17–18, 136–41, 252–3
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 17, 181–2
 - dissolution 270, 272–4
 - ecotoxicology 23–4, 269–75
 - exposure to nanoparticles 316–19, 321, 326
 - natural colloids 136–47
 - redox reactions 273–5
 - risk assessment 389, 394, 402–3, 409
 - size/shape–property relationships 79–80, 99–101
 - terrestrial nanoparticles 19–20, 141–7
- Environmental Nanoscience Initiative 390
- Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA)
 - applications 66
 - ecotoxicology 284, 294, 299
 - risk assessment 390, 396, 415–17
- environmental SEM (ESEM) *see* scanning electron microscopy
- enzymes 86
- EPA *see* Environmental Protection Agency
- epifluorimetry 188, 194, 336
- EPS *see* extracellular polymeric substances
- equivalent spherical diameters (ESD) 215, 218
- ESEM *see* scanning electron microscopy
- eutrophication 117, 246
- exhaust emissions 164–72, 179–80, 182–7, 368, 375–6
- exposure limits 397–9, 407
- exposure to nanoparticles 307–56
 - aerosols 310, 313–18, 327–8, 336, 341, 348
 - analytical procedures 330–8
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 321–2
 - carbon nanotubes 308, 312, 319, 323, 328, 338–41, 352
 - composite materials 323–4
 - consumers 321, 324–6
 - control measures 346–50
 - definitions 309–11
 - dendritic nanoparticles 313
 - dermal 325, 328–9, 349–50, 372, 376, 413
 - emerging processes 338–42
 - environmental fate 316–19, 321, 326
 - existing processes 342–4
 - exposure metrics 327–30
 - exposure scenarios 319–26
 - fullerenes 308, 311–12
 - ingestion exposure 325–6, 329–30, 350
 - inhalation 321–3, 325–8, 330–2, 347–9, 361–2, 370–2, 376–7
 - mass concentration 333, 335
 - media coverage 307
 - nanowires 308, 313
 - number concentration 332–5
 - numbers of people at risk 344–6, 352–3
 - overview 307–9
 - physical properties 309–19, 320–1, 332–7
 - production growth 307–8
 - production processes 313, 314–16
 - quantum dots 313
 - risk assessment 346–7, 353, 358–60, 402, 413
 - sampling strategy 330–1, 337–8
 - specific surface area concentration 335–7
 - studies 338–44
 - see also* human toxicology; occupational exposure
- external substances 92–3
- extracellular polymeric substances (EPS) 120
- facilitated diffusion 366
- ferritin 33
- FFF *see* field-flow fractionation
- FIAM *see* free ion activity model
- fibrillar polysaccharides 120–1

- field-flow fractionation (FFF) 232–5, 255
- fish 277–8, 282–3, 291–8
- flame pyrolysis 57, 58–9
- flocculation processes 228
- flow cytometry 296
- fluorescence spectroscopy 250–1
- fluorescent nanoparticles 68
- food safety 390
- fractal dimension
 - analytical procedures 221
 - natural colloids 124–6, 138–9, 141
- Framework Programme (EU) 390
- free ion activity model (FIAM) 111
- fuel additives 70, 170, 375–6
- fullerenes 10–11, 19–20
 - analytical procedures 221–2, 235
 - ecotoxicology 270, 280, 282–3, 286, 289–93
 - exposure to nanoparticles 308, 311–12, 341–2
 - human toxicology 369–70
 - preparative methods 60
- fulvic acids 119, 124–5, 271
- gas chromatography (GC) 196
- gas phase synthesis 314
- GC *see* gas chromatography
- GLP *see* good laboratory practice
- gold nanoparticles 3
 - applications 65–6
 - human toxicology 374
 - physical properties 46
 - size/shape–property relationships 84–5
- good laboratory practice (GLP) 405
- graphene sheets 60–1, 62
- groundwater remediation 8
- HAADF *see* high angle annular dark field
- HARN *see* high aspect ratio nanoparticles
- hazard identification/characterisation 391–2, 401–2
- HDC *see* hydrodynamic chromatography
- Health and Safety Executive (HSE) 327–9, 330, 346, 396, 398
- HEPA *see* high efficiency particulate arresters
- high angle annular dark field (HAADF) imaging 246–7
- high aspect ratio nanoparticles (HARN)
 - exposure to nanoparticles 334–5, 351–2
 - human toxicology 370–3, 380
- high efficiency particulate arresters (HEPA) 340, 347–8
- high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) 196
- high pressure carbon monoxide (HiPCO) 338–9
- high temperature methods 57, 58–9
- Hill's criteria 404–5
- HiPCO *see* high pressure carbon monoxide
- HOCs *see* hydrophobic organic contaminants
- household emissions 171–4
- HPLC *see* high performance liquid chromatography
- HSE *see* Health and Safety Executive
- human health applications 9–10
- human toxicology 357–88
 - adverse effects 12
 - analytical procedures 381
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 360, 367–8
 - cellular uptake of nanoparticles 365–6
 - chemical properties 358–9, 379–80
 - definitions 357
 - dermal exposure 372, 376
 - endocytosis 366
 - exposure potential 20–1
 - exposure routes 275–7
 - fullerenes 369–70
 - future study designs 381
 - high aspect ratio nanoparticles 370–3
 - inflammatory responses 360–2, 364–7
 - inhalation exposure 361–2, 370–2, 376–7
 - metallic nanoparticles 373–4
 - occupational exposure 370–2
 - overview 2
 - oxides 374–7
 - particle toxicology 357–8
 - phagocytosis 361–2, 366–7
 - physical properties 358–9, 362, 379–80
 - quantum dots 377–9
 - reactive oxygen species 362–5, 373, 379
 - risk assessment 358–60, 390, 405–6, 413–15
 - structure: activity relationships 379–80
 - structure–toxicity relationship 15–16
 - ultrafine particles 360–8
 - see also* exposure to nanoparticles
- humic acids 119, 124–5, 271
- hydration effect 130–2
- hydrocarbon combustion
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 164–72, 174–5, 179–80, 182–7
 - human toxicology 368, 375–6
- hydrodynamic chromatography (HDC) 235
- hydrophobic interactions 132–3
- hydrophobic organic contaminants (HOCs) 111
- hydrous oxides 115–17
- hydroxyl radicals 82, 175

- IARC *see* International Agency for Research on Cancer
- IEC *see* International Electrotechnical Commission
- immunolabelling 68
- indium nanoparticles 68
- indoor emissions 171–4
- industrial emissions 174–5
- ingestion exposure 325–6, 329–30, 350
- inhalation exposure 321–3, 325–8
- analytical procedures 330–2
 - control measures 347–9
 - human toxicology 361–2, 370–2, 376–7
- inorganic nanoparticles
- anatomy 80–1
 - aquatic nanoparticles 212
 - chemical properties 81–7
 - colloid formation 114–17
 - fate and degradation
 - pathways 89–98
 - physical properties 39
 - preparative methods 63–4
 - size/shape–property relationships 79–108
 - sorption processes 87–9
- interaction forces
- aggregation kinetics 129–30, 136–40
 - disaggregation 140–1
 - DLVO theory 126–30, 146
 - double layer interactions 128
 - hydration effect 130–2
 - hydrophobic interactions 132–3
 - natural colloids 126–36
 - non-DLVO interactions 130–6
 - polymer bridging 135–6
 - stability criteria 129
 - steric interactions 133–5
 - van der Waals' forces 127–8
- interfacial properties 49–50
- International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) 357
- International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 23
- International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO) 4, 23
- exposure to nanoparticles 310–11, 332
 - method validation 251–2
- Inventory Update Rule (IUR) 416–17
- investment 6
- ionic strength 138–40
- iron nanoparticles 19
- analytical procedures 246
 - applications 69–70
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 170
 - ecotoxicology 273, 275, 288, 299
 - human toxicology 374, 377
 - natural colloids 109–10, 115–17
 - risk assessment 407
 - size/shape–property relationships 85–7, 88, 99–100
- ISO *see* International Organisation for Standardisation
- IUR *see* Inventory Update Rule
- Kelvin equation 89, 95
- Klimisch scores 405
- lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) assays 371, 375, 377
- lamp black 65–6
- landfill 402, 410
- Langmuir adsorption equation 87–9
- laser ablation 338–9
- laser diffraction 227–8
- LDH *see* lactate dehydrogenase
- lead nanoparticles
- exposure to nanoparticles 329
 - natural colloids 116
 - size/shape–property relationships 94–6
- lepidocrocite 243
- LFA *see* long fibre amosite
- localised surface plasmon spectroscopy (LSPRS) 277
- LOEC *see* low observed effect concentrations
- long fibre amosite (LFA) 373
- low observed effect concentrations (LOEC) 402
- low temperature processing 51
- LSPRS *see* localised surface plasmon spectroscopy
- magnesium nanoparticles 278–9
- magnetic properties 49
- magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) 377
- manganese nanoparticles 3, 115–17
- mass average size 219
- mass concentration 220, 227–8, 333, 335
- mass spectrometry (MS)
- aquatic nanoparticles 234, 255
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 179–80, 196–200
- material properties 14–15
- material safety data sheets (MSDS) 416
- maximum exposure limits (MEL) 398
- mechanical attrition methods 315–16
- mechanical properties 34, 48–9
- media coverage 307
- MEL *see* maximum exposure limits
- mercury nanoparticles 241
- metal oxides *see* oxides

- metallic nanoparticles
 - human toxicology 373–4
 - physical properties 39
 - preparative methods 59–60
 - size/shape–property relationships 84–5
 - see also individual metals*
- meteorological factors 175–8
- method validation 251–2
- micelle encapsulation 57–8
- micro-orifice uniform deposit impactors (MOUDI) 180, 194, 196
- microemulsions 57–8
- microfiltration 230
- milling dust 396
- molecular beam epitaxy 62
- molecular nanosystems 6–7
- molybdenum nanoparticles 82, 109–10, 374
- monitoring nanopollution 254–5
- morphological effects 37–8, 91–2, 94, 96
- MOUDI *see* micro-orifice uniform deposit impactors
- MRI *see* magnetic resonance imaging
- MS *see* mass spectrometry
- MSDS *see* material safety data sheets
- multi-walled carbon nanotubes (MWCNTs)
 - ecotoxicology 290
 - environmental fate 18
 - exposure to nanoparticles 340–1, 352
 - human toxicology 370–3
 - physical properties 48–9
 - preparative methods 60–1
- Nano Risk Framework 407–8
- nanoclays 54–5, 68, 323
- nanocomposites 54–5, 68
- nanomachines 34
- nanomaterials
 - definitions 4
 - exposure to nanoparticles 311, 341
 - risk assessment 399–403
- nano-MOUDI impactors 180, 194
- nanoparticle tracking analysis (NTA) 228–9
- nanorods 4, 37–8
- NANOSAFE project 350
- nanosensors 8–9
- nanowires 308, 313
- narrow band gap semiconductors 63–4
- National Centre for Environmental Research (NCER) 390
- National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) 337–8, 344, 396
- National Nanotechnology Initiative (NNI) 3
- natural colloids 109–61
 - aggregation kinetics 129–30, 136–40
 - aluminium phyllosilicates 114–15
 - aquatic nanoparticles 109–41
 - behavioural processes 117–18
 - classification 112–21
 - definitions 112
 - disaggregation 140–1
 - DLVO theory 126–30, 146
 - environmental fate 136–47
 - fibrillar polysaccharides 120–1
 - formation 109–12
 - fractal dimension 124–6, 138–9, 141
 - humic substances 119
 - hydrous oxides 115–17
 - inorganic colloids 114–17
 - interaction forces 126–36
 - non-DLVO interactions 130–6
 - organic macromolecules 117–24, 133–5, 137–8, 140–1
 - overview 1–2
 - oxides 115–17
 - particle filtration 142–7
 - physical properties 121–36
 - saturated porous media 143–6
 - sedimentation 141–2
 - size distribution 121
 - stability criteria 129
 - surface charge 121–3
 - surface coatings 123–4
 - terrestrial nanoparticles 109–36, 141–7
 - transport processes 110–11
 - unsaturated porous media 146–7
- natural nanoparticles 308, 323
- natural organic matter (NOM)
 - aquatic nanoparticles 220–1, 223, 230
 - colloid formation 117–24, 133–5, 137–8
 - ecotoxicology 270–2
- NCER *see* National Centre for Environmental Research
- nickel nanoparticles 308, 344
- NIOSH *see* National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
- NNI *see* National Nanotechnology Initiative
- no observed adverse effect levels (NOAEL) 402, 413
- NOM *see* natural organic matter
- nomenclature of nanoparticles 21–3
- NTA *see* nanoparticle tracking analysis
- nucleation mechanisms 166–70, 175–9, 184–7
- number average size 219
- number concentration 220, 227–8, 332–5
- nZVI *see* zero-valent iron

- occupational exposure 2
 - analytical methods 330–2, 337–8
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 187–9
 - carbon nanoparticles 312–13, 352
 - control measures 346–50
 - definitions 309–10
 - exposure metrics 327–30, 350–3
 - exposure scenarios 320–4
 - human toxicology 370–2
 - numbers of people at risk 344–6
 - risk assessment 390, 396–9, 409–10
 - studies 338–44
- occupational exposure limits (OELs) 397–9
- occupational exposure standard (OES) 398
- Occupational Safety and Health
 - Administration (OSHA) 396
- OECD *see* Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
- OELs *see* occupational exposure limits
- OES *see* occupational exposure standard
- OPC *see* optical particle counters
- optical microscopy 277
- optical nanoparticles 67
- optical particle counters (OPC) 332–3
- optical spectroscopy 249–50
- organic macromolecules 117–24
 - aggregation kinetics 137–8
 - fibrillar polysaccharides 120–1
 - humic substances 119
 - interaction forces 133–5
 - surface charge 122
- organic nanoparticles 212
 - see also* natural organic matter
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) 4, 6
 - ecotoxicology 284, 294
 - method validation 252
 - risk assessment 391, 394, 405–7
- OSHA *see* Occupational Safety and Health Administration
- Ostwald ripening 59, 273
- oxidation catalysts 169–70
- oxidative stress 362–5, 374
- oxides
 - analytical procedures 246
 - ecotoxicology 272–4, 277–8, 282, 293–6
 - human toxicology 374–7
 - natural colloids 109–10, 115–17
 - preparative methods 63
 - size/shape–property relationships 86–7, 88
- PAA *see* poly(acrylic acid)
- PAHs *see* polyaromatic hydrocarbons
- paint 329
- palladium catalysis 46
- palladium nanoparticles 84–5
- particle filtration 142–7
- particle size distribution (PSD)
 - aquatic nanoparticles 214–19, 226–9, 234–5, 243
 - ecotoxicology 273
 - risk assessment 414
- particle toxicology 357–8
- particles not otherwise specified (PNOS) 398
- particulate organic matter (POM) 117
- passive nanoparticles 6–7, 34
- PCBs *see* polychlorinated biphenyls
- PCDDs *see* polychlorinated dibenzo-*p*-dioxins
- PCDFs *see* polychlorinated dibenzofurans
- PEN *see* Project on Emerging Nanotechnology
- peroxidases 86
- personal protective equipment (PPE) 339, 348–50
- pesticides 289, 299, 396
- petrol emissions 164, 170–2
- phagocytosis 361–2, 366–7
- pharmaceuticals 110, 329, 344
- phosphides 64
- photo-oxidants 175
- photo-resistant packaging 72
- photoredox chemistry 81–4, 100
- photovoltaics 52–3, 68–70
- physical properties 31–53
 - analytical procedures 33–4, 45–6
 - applications 71–2
 - aquatic nanoparticles 214–23
 - architecture 1, 35–45
 - catalysis 46
 - charge stabilisation 41–2
 - classification 13–14
 - colloid formation 37, 41–5
 - conductivity 50–2
 - crystalline structure 221, 237–47
 - definitions 35–6
 - diffusion barriers 50–1
 - diffusion rates 50
 - dispersion/agglomeration 220–1, 224, 232, 236
 - dissolution rates 223
 - ecotoxicology 72, 268, 273
 - exposure to nanoparticles 309–19, 320–1, 332–7
 - human toxicology 358–9, 362, 379–80
 - interaction forces 126–36
 - interfacial properties 49–50
 - low temperature processing 51

- magnetic properties 49
- mechanical properties 34, 48–9
- morphologies 37–8
- natural colloids 121–36
- number/mass concentration 220, 227–8
- overview 1, 31–5
- particle properties 45–53
- particle size distribution 121, 214–19, 226–9, 234–5, 243, 273, 414
- quantum confinement 47–8
- risk assessment 394, 401–3, 408, 413–14
- shape 219–20, 228
- solar cells 52–3
- steric stabilisation 42–5
- surface characteristics 38–41, 121–4, 193–4, 222–3, 250–1, 335–7
- see also* size/shape–property relationships
- Pickering emulsions 49–50
- platinum catalysis 46
- platinum nanoparticles 84–5
- PMN *see* Pre-Manufacture Notifications
- PNEC *see* predicted no effect concentrations
- PNOS *see* particles not otherwise specified
- pollen fragments 175
- poly(acrylic acid) (PAA) 19
- polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) 62, 67, 110
- polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) 299
- polychlorinated dibenzo-*p*-dioxins (PCDDs) 110
- polychlorinated dibenzofurans (PCDFs) 110
- polymer bridging 135–6
- polymer nanoparticles 64–5
- polysaccharides 120–1
- polystyrene beads 361–3, 367
- POM *see* particulate organic matter
- power stations 174–5
- PPE *see* personal protective equipment
- Pre-Manufacture Notifications (PMN) 415–16
- predicted no effect concentrations (PNEC) 402
- preparative methods 53–65
 - arrested precipitation 58–9
 - bottom up approach 55–9
 - carbon black 62
 - carbon nanoparticles 60–3
 - chemical properties 53
 - cost factors 54
 - dispersability 53–4
 - graphene sheets 60–1, 62
 - high temperature methods 57, 58–9
 - inorganic nanoparticles 63–4
 - metallic nanoparticles 59–60
 - micelle encapsulation 57–8
 - narrow band gap semiconductors 63–4
 - natural sources 54–5
 - oxides 63
 - polymer nanoparticles 64–5
 - scale up 53
 - top down approach 55
 - wet methods 57–9
- Project on Emerging Nanotechnology (PEN) 324–5
- PSD *see* particle size distribution
- quantum confinement 47–8
- quantum dots 9, 48
 - analytical procedures 250–1
 - ecotoxicology 277–8, 282, 298–9
 - exposure to nanoparticles 313
 - human toxicology 377–9
- quantum size effects 81–2
- radio frequency identification (RFID) tags 50–1, 52
- rapid single-particle mass spectrometry (RSMS) 197
- re-suspension 318–19, 322
- REACH guidelines 392, 396, 398–401, 411–15
- reaction limited aggregation (RLA) 138–9
- reactive oxygen species (ROS)
 - aquatic nanoparticles 223
 - ecotoxicology 282–3
 - human toxicology 362–5, 373, 379
- redox chemistry 81–7, 100, 273–5
- respiratory protective equipment (RPE) 323, 349
- retrospective risk assessment 395–6
- RFID *see* radio frequency identification
- rhodium catalysis 46
- risk assessment 389–421
 - causality 404–5
 - chemical properties 394, 401, 403, 408, 413–14
 - data gaps 407–10
 - ecotoxicology 389, 394, 405–6, 415
 - environmental fate 389, 394, 402–3, 409
 - evidence assembly 403–6
 - exposure limits 397–9, 407
 - exposure to nanoparticles 346–7, 353, 358–60, 402, 413
 - framework design 392
 - hazard identification/
 - characterisation 391–2, 401–2
 - human toxicology 390, 405–6, 413–15
 - International case studies 406–7

- nanomaterials 399–403
- occupational exposure 390, 396–9, 409–10
- overview 2, 23, 389–91
- physical properties 394, 401–3, 408, 413–14
- process 391–9
- regulatory guidelines 392–5, 397–401, 411–17
- retrospective 395–6
- risk estimation/evaluation 391–2
- testing strategies 399–400
- trigger points 393–5, 399, 411–12
- RLA *see* reaction limited aggregation
- road–tyre interface 171
- rolling chassis dynamometers 166
- ROS *see* reactive oxygen species
- rotaxanes 34–5
- Royal Society/Royal Academy of Engineering (RS/RAEng) 3–4
 - exposure to nanoparticles 309, 319–20
 - risk assessment 390, 399, 406
- RPE *see* respiratory protective equipment
- RSMS *see* rapid single-particle mass spectrometry
- SAED *see* selected area electron diffraction
- safety cases 403–4
- sampling strategies
 - aquatic nanoparticles 212–14, 224, 240, 247
 - exposure to nanoparticles 330–1, 337–8
- SANS *see* small angle neutron scattering
- saturated porous media 143–6
- SAXS *see* small angle X-ray scattering
- scale up 53
- scanning electron microscopy (SEM)
 - 237–47
 - exposure to nanoparticles 333, 336–9, 342
 - historical development 33
 - overview 4
- scanning mobility particle sizers (SMPS)
 - 188–91, 194, 333–4, 337–8, 340–3
- scanning probe microscopy (SPM)
 - aquatic nanoparticles 247–9
 - historical development 33
 - particle properties 45–6
- Scientific Committee on Emerging and Newly Identified Health Risks (SCENIHR) 391, 401, 403, 406
- SEC *see* size exclusion chromatography
- sedimentation 41, 141–2, 271
- selected area electron diffraction (SAED) 241
- selenium nanoparticles 83, 96–8
- SEM *see* scanning electron microscopy
- semi-volatile gases 175–8
- semiconducting nanoparticles
 - analytical procedures 250–1
 - applications 8–9
 - photoredox chemistry 81–4, 100
 - physical properties 47–8, 52–3
 - preparative methods 63–4
- Seventh Framework Programme 307
- short fibre amosite (SFA) 373
- silica nanoparticles
 - ecotoxicology 283, 285, 288, 293, 295
 - exposure to nanoparticles 308, 319
 - human toxicology 357, 376–7
 - natural colloids 114–16
 - physical properties 39
 - preparative methods 54–5
 - risk assessment 398
- silver ink 50–2
- silver nanoparticles
 - chemical properties 223
 - ecotoxicology 280, 288, 296–8
 - human toxicology 374
 - natural colloids 121–2
 - physical properties 219
 - size/shape–property relationships 84–5, 100
- single-walled carbon nanotubes (SWCNTs)
 - ecotoxicology 280–1, 290–3
 - exposure to nanoparticles 312, 338–40
 - human toxicology 369, 370–3
 - preparative methods 60
- size averages 219
- size exclusion chromatography (SEC) 235
- size selective counters 333, 335
- size/shape–property relationships 79–108
 - aggregation 98–9
 - anatomy 80–1
 - coatings and external substances 92–3
 - dissolution 89–91
 - environmental fate 79–80, 99–101
 - fate and degradation pathways 89–98
 - inorganic nanoparticles 79–108
 - metallic nanoparticles 84–5
 - morphological effects 91–2, 94, 96
 - redox chemistry 81–7, 100
 - semiconducting nanoparticles 81–4
 - solid state cation movement 96–8
 - sorption processes 87–9
- skin protective equipment (SPE) 349
- small angle neutron scattering (SANS) 229
- small angle X-ray scattering (SAXS) 229

- smoking 171–2
- SMPS *see* scanning mobility particle sizers
- solar cells *see* photovoltaics
- soldering 344
- solid state cation movement 96–8
- solubilising agents 270
- soot mode 166, 169, 179
- sorption processes 87–9, 110
- spatial variations 182–5
- SPE *see* skin protective equipment
- specific surface area concentration 335–7
- SPM *see* scanning probe microscopy
- SPR *see* surface plasmon resonance
- stability criteria 129
- state classification 14
- static light scattering 226–7
- STEM *see* transmission electron microscopy
- steric interactions 133–5
- steric stabilisation 42–5
- Stern layers 122–3
- structure–toxicity relationship 15–16
- sulfides 82
 - natural colloids 110
 - preparative methods 63–4
 - redox properties 82
 - size/shape–property relationships 94–6
- sulfur-rich fuels 168–70
- sunscreens 71–2, 79, 325–6, 358
- supersaturation 56
- surface characteristics 38–41
 - analytical procedures 188, 193–4, 222–3, 250–1
 - aquatic nanoparticles 222–3, 250–1
 - atmospheric nanoparticles 188, 193–4
 - charge 121–3, 222–3
 - exposure to nanoparticles 335–7
 - functionality 223, 250
 - natural colloids 121–4
 - speciation 223
 - surface area 188, 193–4, 222, 251, 335–7
 - surface plasmon effects 250
- surface plasmon resonance (SPR) 65
- surfactants 44–5, 60, 271
- SWCNTs *see* single-walled carbon nanotubes
- systems of nanosystems 6–7
- tandem differential mobility analysers (TDMA) 200
- tapered element oscillating microbalances (TEOM) 189, 195, 333
- TDCIMS *see* thermal desorption chemical ionization mass spectrometry
- TDMA *see* tandem differential mobility analysers
- TDPBMS *see* thermal desorption particle beam mass spectrometry
- tear drop nanoparticles 37–8
- TEM *see* transmission electron microscopy
- temporal variations 185–7
- TEOM *see* tapered element oscillating microbalances
- terpenes 177
- terrestrial nanoparticles
 - bioavailability 111
 - colloid formation 1–2, 109–12
 - environmental fate 19–20, 141–7
 - inorganic colloids 114–17
 - interaction forces 126–36
 - natural colloids 109–36, 141–7
 - organic macromolecules 117–24, 133–5
 - physical properties 121–36
 - transport processes 110–11
- tetrapod nanoparticles 37–8
- thermal desorption chemical ionization mass spectrometry (TDCIMS) 199–200
- thermal desorption particle beam mass spectrometry (TDPBMS) 199
- threshold limit values (TLVs) 397–8
- tin nanoparticles 8–9
- titanium dioxide
 - analytical procedures 221, 229, 240, 242
 - applications 70, 71–2
 - ecotoxicology 277, 280–1, 283–4, 287–8, 292–5
 - exposure to nanoparticles 308, 311, 315, 319, 343–4
 - human toxicology 360, 364, 366–7, 374–5, 377
 - risk assessment 407
 - size/shape–property relationships 79, 88, 90–1, 100
- TLVs *see* threshold limit values
- top down approach 55
- Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 415–17
- toxicology *see* ecotoxicology; human toxicology
- trace constituents 223
- transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
 - aquatic nanoparticles 237, 240–7, 252, 255
 - exposure to nanoparticles 333, 336–8, 341
 - historical development 33
 - human toxicology 372
 - natural colloids 120, 124
 - overview 4, 22
 - size/shape–property relationships 94–5

- trigger points 393–5, 399, 411–12
 TSCA *see* Toxic Substances Control Act
 turbidimetry 228
- UF-ATOFMS *see* ultrafine aerosol time-of-flight mass spectrometry
 UFPs *see* ultrafine particles
 ultracentrifugation 232–3
 ultrafiltration 230–2
 ultrafine aerosol time-of-flight mass spectrometry (UF-ATOFMS) 179–80, 197–8
 ultrafine particles (UFPs) 12, 17
 atmospheric nanoparticles 163–4, 170–6, 182–4
 characterization 36
 definitions 310
 ecotoxicology 277, 283
 exposure to nanoparticles 310, 340, 343
 fuel additives 70
 human toxicology 360–8
 risk assessment 398–9
 ultraviolet (UV) spectroscopy 249–50
 unsaturated porous media 146–7
 USEPA *see* Environmental Protection Agency
- van der Waals' forces 127–8, 271, 311, 318
 vapour–liquid–solid (VLS) method 61
 vehicle emissions 164–72, 179–80, 182–7, 368, 375–6
 VH-TDMA *see* volatilization and humidification tandem differential mobility analysers
 viruses 175
- visible spectroscopy 249–50
 VLS *see* vapour–liquid–solid
 volatilization and humidification tandem differential mobility analysers (VH-TDMA) 179
 volume average size 219
 voluntary reporting 390
- waste disposal 402, 410
 WEL *see* workplace exposure limits
 welding 344, 396
 wet preparation methods 57–9
 WHO *see* World Health Organization
 Woodrow Wilson inventory 324–5
 workplace exposure limits (WEL) 327
 World Health Organization (WHO) 331, 334, 396
- X-ray absorption spectroscopy (XAS) 99
 X-ray diffraction (XRD) 94, 97
 X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) 94, 250
- Z-average size 219
 zeolites 32
 zero-valent iron (nZVI) 85–6, 100, 407
 zinc nanoparticles
 applications 8–9, 71–2
 ecotoxicology 272–4, 280–2, 285, 288, 293–6
 exposure to nanoparticles 315, 344
 human toxicology 375
 preparative methods 63
 size/shape–property relationships 99
 ZVI *see* zero-valent iron