

INDEX

- A**
- Abdelsalam, M., 348
- Absorbing media, radiation in, 426–437
- equivalent gray gas emissivity, 434–436
 - gas energy-absorption mechanism, 426–428
 - gases/inert gases, 426
 - graphs for gas emissivity/absorption factor, 430–434
 - heat exchange between gas and finite surface, 434
 - heat transfer between surfaces in presence of absorbing gases, 436–437
 - hemispheric monochromatic absorption factor, 428–429
 - monochromatic hemispheric emissivity, 429
 - total emissivity/total absorption factor, 429–430
- Absorption coefficient, 396
- Absorption-factor graphs, 430–434
- Acetaldehyde, 535
- Acetic acid, 535
- Acetone, 535
- Acetylene, 537
- Acid rain, 455
- Acoustic vibration, 142, 144
- Addoms, J. N., 360
- Air:
- effect of, in steam systems, 321
 - natural convection in, at atmospheric pressure, 69, 70
 - physical properties of, 72
 - properties of, 70
- Air coolers, 231–251
- components of, 231–236
 - configurations of, 232, 235
 - design procedure for, 242–251
 - detailed design, 244–246
 - example, 245, 247–250
 - preliminary design, 242–244
 - temperature control of process side, 250–251
- Air coolers (*Cont.*):
- fans in, 233, 234
 - forced draft vs. induced draft, 235, 236
 - heat transfer in, 236–242
 - fan power consumption, 242
 - fin efficiency, 237, 238
 - heat transfer area, 236
 - heat transfer coefficient calculation, 240–241
 - overall heat transfer coefficient, 236–237
 - pressure-drop calculation, 241–242
 - temperatures difference, 237–240 - LMTD correction factors for, 501–503
 - nomenclature for, 236
 - plenums in, 234
 - structure of, 234, 235
 - tube bundles in, 231–234
- Air preheating system, 457
- Air-fuel ratio, 458
- All-radiant heaters, 450, 465–469
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 115
- American Petroleum Institute (API), 115, 367
- American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), 115, 173
- Amine solutions, 540–541
- di ethanol amine, 540
 - methyl di ethanol amine, 540, 541
 - mono ethanol amine, 540
- Aniline, 536
- Annular flow, 289, 353
- Annulus fluid, 96, 97
- ANSI (American National Standards Institute), 115
- API (*see* American Petroleum Institute)
- API gravity, 442
- API Standard(s), 116
- 530, 462
 - 560, 448, 451, 455, 456
- API Standard(s) (*Cont.*):
- RP 530, 452, 453
 - RP 535, 454
- Arbor-type heaters, 452
- Arch, 450
- Area, unit conversion for, 551
- Argon, 538
- ASME (*see* American Society of Mechanical Engineers)
- ASME Code, 115
- Asphalt, 525
- Atmospheric distillation columns, 446
- Atomizing steam, 440
- Austenitic steels, 452
- Average bulk temperature, 50–52
- Axial-flow reboilers, 383–392
- examples, 389–392
 - limitations to heat-flux density, 388–389
 - liquid single-phase region of, 384–386
 - saturated boiling region of, 386–387
 - verification of recirculation rate, 387–388
 - vertical thermosiphon reboiler design, 383–384
- B**
- Baffle window, effect of, 179–182
- Baffle window region, 143
- Baffled heat exchangers, 149
- Baffles, 117–121
- cuts in, 117–119
 - disk and doughnut, 118, 119
 - drain holes in, 120
 - in horizontal condensers, 295, 296
 - segmental, 117, 118
 - spacing of, 120–121, 159
 - tolerances for, 121
 - type of, 159
 - vibration damage to, 142
- Bay, 235
- Beer's law, 427
- Bell, Kenneth, 148, 173, 177, 182

- Bell method, 173–187
 applications of, 187
 of calculating shell-side heat transfer coefficient, 173–186
 bypass effects, 178–179
 effect of baffle window, 179, 182
 ideal-tube-bank data for, 173–177
 influence of number of tube rows, 177
 laminar flow, 180, 181
 leakage effect, 182–186
 pressure drop, 179–180, 182–184
 turbulent flow, 181
 fundamentals of, 173, 174
- Benzene, 534
- Bergelin, O. P., 64, 182
- Birmingham Wire Gage (BWG), 121
- Blackbody(-ies):
 cavity as, 398–399
 defined, 396
 intensity of radiation and emissive power of, 408–409
 radiant heat transfer among three, 414–415
 radiant heat transfer between, 409–412
 spectral radiant energy distribution for, 400–401
- Blackbody emission, 406–407
- Blanket insulation, 31–32
- Blumenkrantz, A., 388
- BMSs (burner management systems), 458
- Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code* (ASME), 115
- Boilers, 319
 (See also Reboilers)
- Boiling, 331–392
 defined, 331
 flow boiling in tubes, 352–367
 correlations, 358–367
 heat transfer mechanisms for boiling inside vertical tubes, 356–358
 two-phase systems, 352–356
 heat transfer coefficient for, 527
 mechanisms of heat transfer to boiling liquids, 331–344
 bubble diameter at detachment, 344
 formation of vapor bubbles in boiling liquids—
 equilibrium condition of bubble, 331–333
 nucleation into boiling liquids, 334–344
 of mixtures, 348
 pool boiling, 345–352
- Boiling, pool boiling (*Cont.*):
 boiling-curve correlations, 346–349
 comparisons among nucleate boiling correlations, 349–352
 pool-boiling curve, 345–346
- Boiling curve, 492–493
- Boiling-curve correlations, 346–349
 boiling of mixtures, 348
 comparisons, 349–352
 maximum heat flux, 349
 nucleate boiling zone, 346–349
 onset of nucleation boiling, 346
 point of minimum heat flux, 349
 single-phase convection, 346
 stable film boiling zone, 349
 transition flux zone, 349
- Boiling-range correction factor, 378–379
- Boltzman, Stephan, 401
- Bonnets, 132
- Boundary layer(s):
 defined, 35
 development of, 37
 laminar, 37–39
 in nucleation, 337
 shear forces in, 36
 thermal, 39, 40
 turbulent, 37–38
 velocities distribution in, 37
 velocity, 11
- Boundary-layer thickness, 37
- Box-type heaters, 448, 450–452
- Boyko, I. D., 290
- Boyko-Krushilin correlation, 290
- Br₂, 539
- Brazed plate heat exchangers, 265
- Brazing, 126
- British thermal unit (Btu), 5
- Bromley, L. A., 349
- Bromley correlation, 349
- Brown, G. A., 64
- Btu (British thermal unit), 5
- Bubble contact angle, 334–336
- Bubble-point temperature, 275, 276
- Bubbles:
 diameter at detachment of, 344
 equilibrium condition of, 331–333
 formation in boiling liquids, 331–333
 growth of, 336–339
- Bubbly flow, 353
- Bulk temperature, 50–52
- Bundle entrance or exit areas, 122
- Burner management systems (BMSs), 458
- Burners, in fired heaters, 453–456
- Burnout point, 346
- Butyl rubber, 262
- BWG (Birmingham Wire Gage), 121
- BWG Standards, 122, 158, 529
- Bypass effects, 178–179
- Bypass streams, 135, 168–171
- C**
- Cabin heaters, 448, 450–452
- CAD (computer-aided design) software, 147
- Calcium silicate insulation, 30, 33
- Carbon steel, 452
- Carbon tetrachloride, 536
- Carpenter, E. F., 290
- Carpenter and Colburn correlation, 290
- Catalytic re-former units, 446
- Cellular foam insulation, 30
- Cellular glass insulation, 30
- Channels, 132
- Chemical potential, 490
- Chemical processing streams, 524
- Chen, J., 360, 364
- Chen correlation, 362–365
- Chlorobenzene, 536
- Chromium, 452
- Churn flow, 353
- Cl₂, 539
- CIH, 539
- Class B mechanical standards, 116
- Class C mechanical standards, 116
- Class R mechanical standards, 116
- Clausius Clapeyron equation, 333
- Cleaning:
 of fire-burner tubes, 453
 of gasketed plate heat exchangers, 264, 265
- Cleaning balls (pigs), 453
- CO, 538
- CO₂, 431, 538
- Coating moisture barriers, 30
- Co-current configuration, 148
 (See also Parallel-flow configuration)
- Coking unit streams, 525
- Colburn, A. P., 290
- Colburn coefficient (*j* factor), 175, 176
- Colburn-type expressions, 286
- Cold bodies, 395
- Collision damage, 142
- Column reboilers, 447
- Combustion:
 complete, 439
 in process fired heaters, 439–447
 enthalpy balance, 442–446
 heating value, 441–442
 radiant convective arrangement, 446, 447
 stoichiometry, 439–441
- Complete combustion, 439

- Composite walls, conduction through:
 cylindrical, 23–24
 planar, 17–18
- Computer-aided design (CAD)
 software, 147
- Condensate-film thickness, 281
- Condensation, 275–327
 desuperheater condensers, 303–309
 dropwise, 277
 filmwise, 277
 mechanisms of, 275–277
 of single-component vapors, 277–292
 effect of vapor velocity, 289–292
 film condensation in turbulent flow, 288–289
 filmwise condensation, 277–288
 (*See also* Single-component vapors condensers)
 steam as process heating medium, 318–327
 process heating systems, 318–324
 regulation of steam flow, 324–327
 of vapor mixtures, 309–318
 design of systems, 315
 diffusional processes, 311–315
 example, 316–318
- Condensation curves, 309–311, 492–493
- Condensation heat transfer film coefficient, 278–279
- Condensation heat transfer coefficient, 282–283, 299
- Conduction (in general):
 defined, 10
 description of, 9–10
- Conduction (in solids), 15–33
 general equation of, 15–16
 steady-state, in multidimensional systems, 26–28
 and thermal insulation, 28–33
 through walls, 16–25
- Conductivity:
 of air, 70
 factors affecting, 31
 of insulation materials, 31
- Constant-cross-section fired heaters, 450–452
- Construction, of heat exchanger, 145
- Contaminants, 454, 455
- Continuous systems, 5–8
- Control chamber, 323
- Control systems:
 for distillation, 487–488
 in fired heaters, 457–458
- Controlling resistance, 20, 86
- Convection, 35–75
 defined, 10
 description of, 10–12
 effects of, on radiant-zone model, 462
 forced, 35–66
 around submerged objects, 60–66
 inside tubes, 44–60
 over flat plates, 35–44
 natural, 66–75
 air at atmospheric pressure, 69, 70
 combined convection-radiation coefficient, 69, 70
 example, 68–69
 heat loss, 71–75
 heat transfer mechanism, 66–67
 horizontal cylinders, 68
 horizontal planar surfaces, 68
 spheres, 68
 vertical plates/cylinders, 68
- Convection bank tubes, 470
- Convection banks:
 flue-gas pressure drop in, 472
 heat transfer correlations for, with plain tubes, 472–473
 heat transfer correlations for finned-tube, 470–471
- Convection film coefficient, 12
 defined, 40–42
 effect of fluid velocity on, 42–43
 in shell-and-tube heat exchanger design, 160
- Convection heat transfer coefficient, 62–66
- Convection section, 446, 470
- Convection-radiation heat transfer coefficient, 69, 70
- Convective boiling correlations, 358–367
 Chen correlation, 362–365
 critical pressure, 366–367
 heat transfer in saturated boiling region, 360
 in-tube film boiling, 366
 limits to, 365–366
 onset of subcooled nucleate boiling, 358, 359
 single-phase liquid convection region, 358
 start of saturated boiling, 359–360
 subcooled nucleate boiling region, 358, 359
 suppression of saturated nucleate boiling, 361
 two-phase force-convection region, 362
- Cooling leg, 322
- Cooling-water flow rate, 305
- Cordero, A., 239
- Correlations for heat flow, 43–44
- Corrugation angle, 268
- Corrugations, 255, 260
- COS, physical properties of, 539
- Cosine law, 408
- Counter-current heat exchangers, 88–92
 LMTD in, 148
 with three shells, 155
 two-pass heat exchanger transformed from, 158–159
- Cover plate headers, 234
- Cracking unit streams, 525
- Critical pressure, 366–367
- Cross-mixing hypothesis, 148–150
- Crossover section, 446, 447
- Crude oil, 524–525
- CS₂, 539
- Cylinders, conduction through, 22–25
- D**
- Deaerator and condensate tanks, 319, 320
- Decoking systems, 453
- Delaware method (*see* Bell method)
- Dengler, C. E., 360
- Density:
 of insulation materials, 31
 unit conversion for, 551
- Design changes, 103
- Design pressure, 145
- Design procedure:
 for air coolers, 242–251
 detailed design, 244–246
 example, 245, 247–250
 preliminary design, 242–244
 temperature control of process side, 250–251
 for double-tube heat exchangers, 102–111
 changes to original design, 103
 examples, 103–111
 film coefficient calculation, 102
 heat transfer area calculation, 103
 LMTD calculation, 103
 overall heat transfer coefficient calculation, 102
 pressure drop calculation, 103
 tube diameter selection, 102
 tube length and number calculation, 103
 for shell-and-tube heat exchangers, 145–146, 196–202
- Design temperature, 145
- Desuperheater condensers, 303–309

- Detachment diameter, bubble, 344
 Dew-point temperature, 275, 276
 Di ethanol amine, 540
 Differential Condensation Model, 493
 Differential volume I, 35
 Diffusional processes, 311–315
 Dimensional analysis, 43
 Dimensionless groups, 55–57
 Dimensionless temperature, 52
 Directional emissive power, 407–408
 Disk and doughnut baffles, 118, 119
 Distillation, 485–493
 column simulation of, 488, 489
 condensation and boiling curves for, 492–493
 control scheme for, 487–488
 heat transfer in, 79, 80
 mass and energy balances in, 490–492
 objective of, 369
 phase equilibrium in multicomponent system, 489–490
 total/partial condensers in, 488, 489
 Distillation bottom product, 370
 Distillation columns, simulation of, 488, 489
 Doberstein, S. C., 64
 Double-pass air coolers, 239
 Double-split configuration, 371, 372
 Double-tube heat exchangers (in general), 94–98
 annulus-fluid calculation, 96
 applications of, 97–98
 design procedure for, 102–111
 internal-tube fluid calculation, 95–96
 parallel-currents, 87
 pressure-drop calculation in, 96–97
 standard tube dimensions for, 98
 Double-tube heat exchangers with longitudinal fins, 217–230
 about, 217–221
 with constant section, 221–224
 fin efficiency, 221–224
 friction factor for, 225
 heat transfer coefficient for, 225–226
 multipass heat exchangers with longitudinal flow, 226–230
 wall-temperature calculation for, 226
 Double-tubesheet design, 138
 Downcomers, 485
 Draft, in fired heaters, 455–457
 Drag coefficient (*see* Friction factor)
 Drain holes, 120
 Drew, T. B., 161
 Dropwise condensation, 278
 Dukler, A. E., 288
 Dummy tubes, 169, 170
 E
 Eckert, E. R. G., 68
 Eddies, 35, 177
 Effective mean temperature difference, 152
 Effectiveness, of heat exchangers, 205–213
 analysis of effectiveness graphs, 212–213
 outlet-temperature calculation, 205–210
 physical interpretation of, 210–211
 Elastomeric gaskets, 255–259
 Electric analogy, 414
 Embedded tube bundles, 231, 233
 Emissive power:
 of blackbody, 408–409
 directional, 407–408
 monochromatic, 399–400
 Emissivity:
 of common materials, 70
 equivalent gray gas, 434–436
 gas, 430–434
 monochromatic hemispheric, 429
 and temperature, 398
 total, 429–430
 Enclosures with gray surfaces, 419–422
 Energy, unit conversion for, 552
 Energy balance, in distillation, 490–492
 Energy conservation law, 4
 Energy units, 5
 Enthalpy, 8
 Enthalpy balance:
 in combustion, 442–446
 in condensation, 275
 and fluids heat transfer, 79–81
 Equations of state, 8
 Equivalent diameter:
 defined, 59
 example of, 60
 in shell-and-tube heat exchanger design, 166–167
 Equivalent gray gas emissivity, 434–436
 Equivalent gray-plane simplification, 458–462
 Equivalent mean hemispherical beam length, 434, 463
 Escosa Company, 470
 E-shell heat exchangers, LMTD correction factors for, 495–500
 1–2 heat exchangers, 495
 2–4 heat exchangers, 496
 3–6 heat exchangers, 497
 4–8 heat exchangers, 498
 5–10 heat exchangers, 499
 6–12 heat exchangers, 500
 Ethane, 532, 537
 Ethyl acetate, 535–536
 Ethyl chloride, 536
 Ethylene glycol, 107, 541
 Evaporation, 331
 Expanded joints, 124–126
 Expansion joints, 133
 Externally sealed floating-head heat exchangers, 139
 Extruded tube bundles, 231, 233
 F
 Fair, J. R., 354, 356, 366
 Fan coverage, 233
 Fan power consumption, 242
 Fanning factor, 97
 Fans, 233, 234
 Fiberglass insulation, 30
 Film boiling, 346, 366, 379
 Film boiling zone, 349
 Film coefficient(s):
 calculation of, 102
 in condensation, 278–279
 in convection, 12, 40–43, 53–55, 160
 in fluids heat transfer, 82–86, 102
 for plate heat exchangers, 268
 for shell-and-tube heat exchanger, 160
 Film condensation:
 defined, 277
 of single-component vapors, 277–288
 condensate-film thickness, 281
 condensation heat transfer film coefficient, 278–279
 condensation heat transfer coefficient, 282–283
 condensation over horizontal tubes, 283, 286–287
 example, 287–288
 over vertical surfaces, 283–286
 velocity profile in descending film, 279–281
 in turbulent flow, 288–289
 Film temperatures, 72
 Fin efficiency:
 in air coolers, 237, 238
 defined, 220
 in double-tube heat exchangers with longitudinal fins, 221–224
 factors affecting, 224

- Fin efficiency (*Cont.*):
of radiant-convection heaters, 471–472
- Fin height, 224
- Fin thickness, 224
- Finned tubes, 217–251
in air coolers, 231–251
components of, 231–236
configurations of, 232, 235
design procedure for, 242–251
fans in, 233, 234
forced draft vs. induced draft, 235, 236
heat transfer in, 236–242
nomenclature for, 236
plenums in, 234
structure of, 234, 235
tube bundles in, 231–234
in double-tube heat exchangers, 217–230
about, 217–221
with constant section, 221–224
fin efficiency, 221–224
friction factor for, 225
heat transfer coefficient for, 225–226
multipass heat exchangers with longitudinal flow, 226–230
wall-temperature calculation for, 226
- Finned-tube convection bank, 470–472
- Fins, types of, 453
- Fired heaters (*see* Process fired heaters)
- Fired reactors, 447
- First law of thermodynamics, 4
- 5–10 heat exchangers, 499
- Fixed heads, 133
- Fixed-tubesheet heat exchangers, 117, 133, 140
- Flame color, 458
- Flat plates, forced convection over, 35–44
boundary layers in, 35, 37–39
convection film coefficient in, 40–42
correlations for heat flow to moving fluid, 43–44
effect of fluid velocity on film coefficient, 42–43
heat transfer to moving fluid, 39–41
laminar/turbulent boundary layers in, 37–39
shear stress in moving fluid, 35–37
- Floating heads, 133–140
outside-packed, 137–140
outside-packed lantern-ring, 139, 140
pull-through, 134–137, 140
split-ring, 135–137, 140
- Float-type traps, 322, 323
- Floor, heat loss through, 75
- Flow boiling in tubes, 352–367
correlations, 358–367
Chen correlation, 362–365
critical pressure, 366–367
heat transfer in saturated boiling region, 360
in-tube film boiling, 366
limits to convective boiling correlations, 365–366
onset of subcooled nucleate boiling, 358, 359
single-phase liquid convection region, 358
start of saturated boiling, 359–360
subcooled nucleate boiling region, 358, 359
suppression of saturated nucleate boiling, 361
two-phase force-convection region, 362
heat transfer mechanisms for boiling inside vertical tubes, 356–358
two-phase systems, 352–356
flow patterns, 352–354
flow-pattern characterization, 354–355
frictional pressure drop, 355–356
liquid and vapor volume fractions, 354
- Flow fractions, 171
- Flow patterns, 352–355
- Flue-gas pressure drop, 472
- Fluid allocation, in shell-and-tube heat exchanger design, 158
- Fluid flow, over submerged bodies, 60–62
- Fluid velocity, effect on film coefficient, 42–43
- Fluidelastic instability, 142, 144
- Fluids heat transfer, 79–111
in double-tube heat exchangers, 94–98
and enthalpy balance, 79–81
heat transfer coefficient and area of, 81–82
and mean temperature difference between fluids, 86–94
overall heat transfer coefficient as function of film coefficients, 82–86
process specifications for, 98–101
- Fluoroelastomers, 263
- Flux zone, transition, 349
- Footed tube bundles, 231, 233
- Force, unit conversion for, 552
- Forced convection, 35–66
around submerged objects, 60–66
defined, 12
inside tubes, 44–60
dimensionless numbers, 55
empirical correlations, 56
equivalent diameter, 59–60
example, 58–59
fluid velocity distribution, 44–46
heat transfer from wall to fluid, 53
heat transfer coefficient, 53–54
influence of wall temperature, 55–56
 j_H dimensionless factor, 56–58
mean temperature difference, 54–55
nonisothermal flow, 49–52
pressure drop, 47–49
Stanton number, 56
temperature profile development, 52
over flat plates, 35–44
boundary layer, 35
boundary-layer development, 37
convection film coefficient, 40–42
correlations for heat flow, 43–44
effect of fluid velocity on film coefficient, 42–43
heat transfer to fluid in motion, 39–41
laminar/turbulent boundary layers, 37–39
shear stress in moving liquid, 35–37
- Forced convective boiling, 345
- Forced reflux return, 292, 293
- Forced-circulation reboilers, 367–368
- Forced-draft air coolers, 232, 233
- Forced-draft gas burners, 454
- Formic acid, 535
- Forster, H., 347, 363
- Forster and Zuber equation, 347, 348, 350–352, 364
- Fouling, 147–148
- Fouling correction:
in plate heat exchangers, 269–272
for radiant-convection heaters, 471–472
- Fouling factors, 101, 148
- Fouling resistance(s), 523–525
for chemical processing streams, 524
defined, 84–85
for industrial fluids, 524
for natural gas and gasoline processing streams, 524
for oil refinery streams crude oil, 524–525

- Fouling resistance(s) (*Cont.*):
 for plate heat exchangers, 269–272
 for water, 523
 4–8 heat exchangers, 498
 Four-pass heat exchangers, 129
 Fractionating column-feed preheaters, 446
 Free-stream velocity, 35
 Friction factor:
 calculation of, 152–153
 for combination of heat exchanger configurations, 156
 as configuration-selection criterion, 153–156
 convection, 47–48
 defined, 38
 for double-tube heat exchangers, 97, 225
 and ideal tube-bank data, 175, 176
 for inlet tube orientation, 157
 Frictional pressure drop:
 in shell-and-tube heat exchanger design, 161–164
 in stack, 456–457
 for two-phase systems, 355–356
 Front (inlet) heads, 131–132
 Fuel efficiency:
 in combustion, 444–447
 in fired heaters, 458
 Fuel mixtures, 441, 442
- G**
- Gas(es):
 fouling resistances for, 524
 heat exchange between finite surface and, 434
 heat transfer between surfaces in presence of absorbing, 436–437
 heating value of, 441, 442
 heat transfer coefficient for, 528
 physical properties of, 537–539
 physical properties of streams of, 227
 radiation in absorbing, 426
 Gas burners, 454
 Gas emissivity, 430–434
 Gas energy absorption, 426–428
 Gas Processors Suppliers Association (GPSA), 367
 Gaseous fuels, 440
 Gasketed plate heat exchangers, 257, 260–265
 components of, 260–265
 configuration of, 258
 frame of, 263–265
 gaskets in, 262–263
 general characteristics of, 264, 265
- Gasketed plate heat exchangers (*Cont.*):
 heat exchange plates of, 260–262
 materials for, 261–262
 pressure and temperature limitations of, 264, 265
- Gaskets, plate, 262–263
 Gasoline processing streams, 524
 Geometric constraints, process specifications for, 101
 Glycol solutions, 541
 GPSA (Gas Processors Suppliers Association), 367
 Grashoff number, 67
 Gravity acceleration, 552
 Gravity-return reflux system, 292, 293
- Gray body(-ies):
 defined, 402
 emission spectrum of, 403
 enclosures with, 419–422
 generalized Kirchoff's law for, 404
 heat transfer between surrounding body and, 422–424
- Gray gas emissivity, 434–436
 Gray-to-black transformation resistance, 420
 Griffith, P., 342
 Gross heating value, 441
- H**
- Hairpin heat exchanger, 95, 98
 Han, C. Y., 342
 HCN, physical properties of, 538
 Headers, in tube bundles, 233, 234, 453
 Heat, 3
 Heat balance:
 of condenser and mean temperature difference, 298–299
 defined, 91
 of kettle reboilers, 376
 Heat capacity ratio, 205
 Heat exchangers:
 with 2–4 configuration, 167, 168
 configurations of, 129, 156
 construction of, 145
 data sheet for, 547–549
 defined, 79
 effectiveness of, 205–213
 process specifications for, 98–101
 Heat flux, 9, 10, 349
 Heat loss, natural-convection, 71–75
 through floor, 75
 through insulated wall, 71–74
 through roof, 74–75
 Heat transfer, 3–13
 in air coolers, 236–342
 to boiling liquids, 331–344
- Heat transfer (*Cont.*):
 in continuous/steady-state systems, 5–8
 and first law of thermodynamics, 3–4
 between fluids (*see* Fluids heat transfer)
 mechanisms of, 9–13
 in shell-and-tube heat exchangers, 184
 and temperature/internal energy, 5
 unit operations in, 3
 variables of, 8–9
 Heat transfer area:
 in air coolers, 236
 calculation of, 83, 103, 106–107
 defined, 81
 as design factor, 82
 Heat Transfer Research, Inc. (HTRI), 186
 Heat transfer to fluid in motion, 39–41
 Heat exchange plates, 260–262
 Heat exchanger cells, 186
 Heat-flux density, 9
 limitations to, 388–389
 in radiant section, 448, 449, 462
 unit conversion for, 553
 upper limit to, 366
 Heating value, of fuel, 441–442
 Heat transfer coefficient(s):
 for air coolers, 240–241
 and area of fluids heat transfer, 81–82
 in boiling, 527
 bypass effects on, 178–179
 calculation of, 105–106, 164–168
 in condensation, 282–283, 299
 in convection, 53–54, 62–66
 for double-tube heat exchangers with longitudinal fins, 225–226
 effect of baffle window on, 182
 for finned-tube convection bank, 470–471
 for gas, 528
 Kern method of calculating, 164–168
 leakage effect on, 184
 local film convective, 53–54
 for plate heat exchangers, 266
 in radiation, 70
 in shell-and-tube heat exchanger design, 164–168
 shell-side, 164–168, 173–186
 tables of typical, 266, 527–528
 unit conversion for, 553
 for water-cooled condensers, 527
 (*See also* Overall heat transfer coefficient(s))

- Heat transfer correlations:
 for convection bank with plain tubes, 472–473
 for finned-tube convection bank, 470–471
- Heat transfer mechanisms, 9–13
 conduction, 9–10
 convection, 10–12
 radiation, 12–13
- Heat transfer operations, 3
- Heavier components, 309
- Height of transfer unit (HTU), 211
- Helium, 538
- Hemispheric monochromatic absorption factor, 428–429
- Herringbone corrugations, 260, 261
- Heterogeneous nucleation over solid surfaces, 334–336
- Hewitt, G. F., 354, 355
- Homogeneous nucleation, 334
- Horizontal condensers:
 design of, 315
 with in-tube condensation, 295–297
 with shell-side condensation, 295, 296, 299
- Horizontal gravity-flow condenser, 292
- Horizontal planar surfaces, natural convection on, 68
- Horizontal thermosiphon reboilers, 371, 372, 383
- Horizontal tubes:
 condensation inside, 289–290, 299
 condensation over, 283, 286–287
 natural convection in, 68
- Hot oil, 227
- Hsu, Y. Y., 346
- HTRI (Heat Transfer Research, Inc.), 186
- HTU (height of transfer unit), 211
- Hydraulic pressure test, 145
- Hydraulic radius, 59, 225
- Hydrogen, 537
- I**
- I-butane, 537
- Ideal gas constant (R), 552
- Ideal-tube-bank data, 173–177
- Impingement protection, 122, 123
- Impingement protection plates, 122
- Induced-draft air coolers:
 advantages/disadvantages of, 235, 236
 configuration of, 232
 fans in, 233
- Industrial fluids, 524
- Inert gases, 294, 426
- Inlet heads, 131–132
- Inlet nozzles, 157, 255
- Insulated walls:
 heat loss through, 71–74
 thermal radiation through, 415–419
- Insulation (*see* Thermal insulation)
- Integral Condensation Model, 493
- Intensity of radiation (intensity of emission):
 blackbody, 408–409
 defined, 404–406
 monochromatic, 406
- Internal coefficient, 95–96
- Internal energy, 4, 5
- Internal reboilers, 374
- Internal-tube fluid, 96–97
- In-tube film boiling, 366
- Inverted-bucket steam traps, 322, 323
- I-pentane, 532
- Isobutane, 532
- J**
- j* factor (*see* Colburn coefficient)
- Jacketed vessels, 319–321
- Jackson, W., 68
- J_H dimensionless factor, 57–58
- Joule (J), 5
- K**
- Kcal (kilocalorie), 5
- Kern, Donald, 58, 96, 148, 164, 167, 225, 290, 299, 306, 379, 388
- Kern method, 164–173
 for calculation of shell-side heat transfer coefficient, 164–168
 equivalent diameter, 166–167
 heat exchangers with 2–4 configuration, 167, 168
 heat transfer coefficient correlation, 167
 pressure drop, 167
 shell-side Reynolds number, 164–166
 criticisms of, 167–173, 187
- Kettle reboilers, 371
 arrangement of, 373–374
 thermal design of, 376–383
 examples, 380–383
 heat balance, 376
 Kern's recommendations for maximum heat flux, 379
 maximum heat-flux density and film boiling, 379
 reboiler area calculation, 376–379
 shell sizing, 380
- Kilocalorie (kcal), 5
- Kinematic viscosity, 70
- Kirchoff's law, 397–398, 403
- Koo, E. C., 161
- Krushilin, G. N., 290
- L**
- Lambertians, 408
- Lambert's law, 408
- Laminar boundary layer, 37–39
- Laminar flow:
 convection in, 35, 56
 defined, 11
 effect of baffle window on, 180, 181
- Laminar sublayer, 55
- Laminar sublayer, temperature and thickness of, 42–43
- Latent heat:
 of condensation, 275
 in reboilers, 376
 of vaporization, 9
- LCs (*see* Level controllers)
- Leakage:
 effect of, on pressure drop, 182–184
 effect of, on shell-side heat transfer, 184
 between shell and longitudinal baffle, 131
- Leakage streams, 169–171
- Length, unit conversion for, 551
- Level controllers (LCs), 487, 488
- Light end processing streams, 525
- Liquid fuels, 440–442
- Liquid single-phase region, 384–386
- Liquid volume fraction, 354
- Liquids, physical properties of, 72, 532–536
- LMTD (*see* Logarithmic mean temperature difference)
- LMTD correction factors:
 for air coolers, 501–503
 for E-shell heat exchangers, 495–500
 for plate heat exchangers, 269, 270
 for shell-and-tube heat exchangers, 151–157
- Lobo-Evans method, 462–465
- Local film convective heat transfer coefficient, 53–54
- Local Nusselt number, 43, 54
- Lockhardt, R. W., 354, 356
- Lockhardt-Martinelli parameter, 354
- Logarithmic mean temperature difference (LMTD):
 calculation of, 103, 106, 148–150
 in fluids heat transfer, 91–93
- Longitudinal baffles, 129–131, 168
- Lube oil processing streams, 525

M

Marriot, J., 269
 Marshall, W. R., 68
 Martinelli, R. C., 354, 356, 362
 Mass, unit conversion for, 551
 Mass balance, in distillation, 490–492
 Mass-transfer operations, 3
 Material defect propagation, 142
 Material requisition, 146
 Maximum heat flux, 349, 379
 Maximum heat-flux density, 379
 Maxwell equations, 8
 McAdams, W. H., 68, 69, 161
 McNelly, M. J., 347
 McNelly equation, 347, 350–352
 MDEA (*see* Methyl di ethanol amine)
 Mean Nusselt number, 43
 Mean temperature difference:
 in condensers, 298–299
 for convection inside tubes, 54–55
 in countercurrent and parallel-flow configurations, 88–89
 between fluids, 86–94
 countercurrent and parallel-flow configurations, 88–89
 logarithmic mean temperature difference, 91–93
 thermal diagrams of heat exchangers, 89–91
 (*See also* Logarithmic mean temperature difference)
 Mechanical design, 145
 Mechanical standards, 116
 Membrane moisture barriers, 30
 Methane:
 heating value of, 441
 physical properties of, 537
 Methyl di ethanol amine (MDEA), 540, 541
 Microconvective effect, 358, 359
 Microwaves, 396
 Mineral wool insulation, 30
 Minimum heat flux, point of, 349
 Mist flow, 353
 Mist flow region, 365
 Mixing-cup temperature, 50
 Mixtures boiling, 348
 Moisture barriers, 30
 Molecular transport of energy, 9
 Molybdenum, 452
 Momentum-transfer operations, 3
 Mono ethanol amine, 540
 Monochromatic absorption coefficient, 402–404
 Monochromatic emissive power, 399–400
 Monochromatic hemispheric emissivity, 429

Monochromatic intensity of radiation, 406
 Monrad, C. C., 473
 Moody, L., 48
 Mostinsky, I. L., 348, 349, 379
 Mostinsky equation, 348, 350–352, 365, 378
 Movable pressure plates, 263
 Moving fluid:
 correlations for heat flow from planar surface to, 43–44
 heat transfer from flat plate to, 39–41
 heat transfer rate from tube wall to, 53
 shear stress in, 35–37
 velocity distribution of, inside tubes, 44–46
 Mueller, A. C., 291
 Multicomponent distillation system, 489–490
 Multicomponent mixtures, condensation of, 311–315
 Multidimensional systems, steady-state conduction in, 26–28
 Multipass heat exchangers, 126–128, 226–230
 Multiple shell passes, 128–131
 Multitube hairpin heat exchanger, 98
 M-xylene, 534

N

N₂O, 539
 Naphtha hydrotreater, 525
 Natural convection, 66–75
 in air at atmospheric pressure, 69, 70
 combined convection-radiation coefficient, 69, 70
 defined, 12
 example of, 68–69
 heat loss by, 71–75
 heat transfer mechanism in, 66–67
 in horizontal cylinders, 68
 on horizontal planar surfaces, 68
 in spheres, 68
 with vertical plates/cylinders, 68
 Natural gas, 524
 Natural-draft gas burners, 454
 N-butane, 532, 537
 N-decane, 533–534
 Net heating value, 441
 NH₃, 538
 N-heptane, 533
 N-hexane, 533
 Nitrile rubber, 262
 Nitrogen, 537
 Nitrogen oxides, 454, 455
 N-nonane, 533
 NO₂, 539

N-octane, 533
 Nonisothermal flow, 49–52
 Nozzle arrangements, 149
 Nozzle entrance or exit areas, 143
 N-pentane, 532–533
 NTUs (*see* Number of transfer units)
 Nucleate boiling, suppression of, 361
 Nucleate boiling zone, 346–349
 Forster and Zuber equation, 347, 348
 McNelly equation, 347
 Motinsky equation, 348
 Rohsenow correlation, 346–347
 Stephan and Abdelsalam correlations, 348
 Nucleation:
 into boiling liquids, 334–344
 defined, 334
 example of, 342–344
 heterogeneous, 334–336
 homogeneous, 334
 in temperature gradient, 337–342
 in temperature gradient, 337–342
 Number of transfer units (NTUs), 205, 211
 Nusselt, W., 278
 Nusselt equations, 283
 Nusselt numbers, 43, 54, 55
 Nusselt theory, 278, 279

O

Ohm's law of the electric circuits, 84
 Oil refinery streams crude oil, 524–525
 Oils:
 fouling resistances for, 524
 heat transfer coefficient for, 528
 hot, 227
 Once-through circulation, 370, 371
 One-pass cross-flow, both fluids unmixed, 501
 1–2 heat exchangers, 495
 Onset of nucleation boiling, 346
 Onset of nucleation boiling temperature, 338
 Onset of subcooled nucleate boiling, 358, 359
 Operating pressure, 144
 Organic solvents, 528
 Othmer, D. F., 294
 Outlet temperatures, 205–210
 Outside-packed heat exchangers:
 floating-head, 137–140
 lantern-ring, 139, 140
 Overall heat transfer coefficient(s):
 for air coolers, 236–237
 calculation of, 102, 106

- Overall heat transfer coefficient(s)
(*Cont.*):
for double-tube heat exchangers, 94–98
for fluids heat transfer, 81–86
for plate heat exchangers, 266
tables of typical, 266
- Oxygen:
in combustion reactions, 439–440
physical properties of, 537
- O-xylene, 534
- P**
- Palen, J., 187
Palen, J. W., 378, 379
Parabolic distribution function, 45–46
Parallel corrugations, 261
Parallel-flow configuration, 87–90, 255
Partial condensers, 297, 488
Pass partitions, 128
Passes, in fired heaters, 450
Pass-partition flow, 169
PCs (*see* Pressure controllers)
Perforated-trays column, 485, 486
Petroleum refineries, 446
Phase equilibrium, 489–490
Phenol, 536
Physical constants, unit conversion for, 552
Physical properties, 531–546
of amine solutions, 540–541
of gases, 537–539
of glycol solutions, 541
of liquids, 532–536
Pignotti, G., 239
Pigs (cleaning balls), 453
Pilots, 454
Pipelines, pumping stations of, 447
Piping, 31–32
Planck, Max, 400
Planes, conduction through, 16–22
composite walls, 17–18
controlling resistance, 20
example of, 20–22
wall separating two fluids, 18–20
Plate heat exchangers, 255–273
components of, 255, 257
disadvantages of, 265–266
fouling resistances in, 269–272
gasketed, 260–265
components of, 260–265
frame of, 263–265
gaskets in, 262–263
general characteristics of, 264, 265
heat exchange plates of, 260–262
pressure and temperature limitations of, 264, 265
- Plate heat exchangers (*Cont.*):
heat transfer and pressure-drop correlations for, 267–269
film coefficients, 268
pressure drop, 268–269
Reynolds number, 267–268
heat transfer coefficients for, 266
limitations of, 255
LMTD correction factor for, 269, 270
number of transfer units and specific pressure drop for, 272–273
operating principles and general description of, 255–258
schematic drawing of, 256
series-parallel combination in, 258–260
welded/semi-welded, 265
Plenums, 234, 454
Plug headers, 234, 453
Point of minimum heat flux, 349
Pool boiling, 345–352
boiling-curve correlations, 346–349
boiling of mixtures, 348
comparisons, 349–352
maximum heat flux, 349
nucleate boiling zone, 346–349
onset of nucleation boiling, 346
point of minimum heat flux, 349
single-phase convection, 346
stable film boiling zone, 349
transition flux zone, 349
pool-boiling curve, 345–346
Pool-boiling curve, 345–346
Portholes, 255
Potential energy, 4
Potential flow regime, 37
Power-heat flux, unit conversion for, 552
Prandtl number, 55
Premix burners, 454, 455
Pressure, unit conversion for, 552
Pressure controllers (PCs), 487, 488
Pressure drop:
in air coolers, 241–242
calculation of, 103, 107–109, 165
in double-tube heat exchangers, 96–97
effect of baffle window on, 179–182
flue-gas, 472
frictional (*see* Frictional pressure drop)
heat transfer correlations for, with plain tubes, 472–473
inside tubes, 47–49
- Pressure drop (*Cont.*):
Kern method of calculating, 165
leakage effect on, 182–184
in plate heat exchangers, 268–269, 272–273
process specifications for, 101
in shell fluid, 167
in shell-and-tube heat exchangers, 185–186
in 2–4 heat exchangers, 167, 168
in water, 107–109
Process fired heaters, 439–482
applications of, 446, 447
combustion in, 439–447
convective arrangement, 446, 447
enthalpy balance, 442–446
heating value, 441–442
stoichiometry, 439–441
components of, 452–458
air preheating system, 457
burners, 453–456
control systems, 457–458
draft, 455–457
stack, 455–457
tubes, 452–454
constant-cross-section, 450–452
design/verification of capacity of, 458–482
all-radiant heaters, 465–469
correction for fouling and fin efficiency, 471–472
flue-gas pressure drop in convection bank, 472
heat-flux density in radiant section, 462
heat transfer correlations for convection bank with plain tubes, 472–473
heat transfer correlations for finned-tube convection bank, 470–471
Lobo-Evans method, 462–465
radiant-convection heaters, 470–482
radiant-zone model, 458–462
schematic drawing of, 440
vertical cylindrical, 448–450
Process heating systems (steam), 318–324
air in, 321
installations of, 319–321
steam traps in, 321–324
Process specifications, 98–101, 145
fouling-factor, 101
geometric-design, 101
pressure-drop, 101
thermal-performance, 99–101
Process streams, 79
Propane, 532, 537
Propane refrigeration cycle, 303

- Propane-refrigerated condensers, 296–297
- Pseudo-critical pressure, 367
- Pull-through floating-head heat exchangers, 134–135, 137, 140
- Pumping stations, 447
- Pure-fluid-condenser design, 297–302
 - condensation heat transfer coefficient, 299
 - example, 300–302
 - heat balance of condenser and mean temperature difference, 298–299
- P-xylene, 534
- Pyrolysis heaters, 447
- R**
- Radiant convective arrangement, 446, 447
- Radiant energy, 395–396
- Radiant section, 462
- Radiant shields, 425–426
- Radiant-convection heaters, 470–482
 - correction for fouling and fin efficiency, 471–472
 - efficiency of, 446, 447
 - flue-gas pressure drop in convection bank, 472
 - heat transfer correlations for convection bank with plain tubes, 472–473
 - heat transfer correlations for finned-tube convection bank, 470–471
 - rating of, 473–482
- Radiant-zone model, 458–462
 - convective effects, 462
 - equivalent gray-plane simplification, 458–462
 - radiation to shield tubes, 462
- Radiation, 395–437
 - in absorbing media, 426–437
 - equivalent gray gas emissivity, 434–436
 - gas energy absorption mechanism, 426–428
 - gases/inert gases, 426
 - graphs for gas emissivity/absorption factor, 430–434
 - heat exchange between gas and finite surface, 434
 - heat transfer between surfaces in presence of absorbing gases, 436–437
 - hemispheric monochromatic absorption factor, 428–429
 - monochromatic hemispheric emissivity, 429
 - total emissivity/total absorption factor, 429–430
- Radiation (*Cont.*):
 - defined, 13
 - description of, 12–13
 - to shield tubes, 462
 - through transparent media, 395–426
 - absorption/reflection/transmission coefficients for, 396
 - blackbody emission distribution, 406–407
 - blackbody intensity of radiation and emissive power, 408–409
 - and cavity as blackbody, 398–399
 - directional emissive power, 407–408
 - electric analogy, 414
 - emission from surfaces, 401–402
 - enclosures with gray surfaces, 419–422
 - gray surfaces, 402–404
 - heat transfer among three blackbodies, 414–415
 - heat transfer between blackbodies, 409–412
 - heat transfer between gray body and surrounding body, 422–424
 - insulating walls/refractories, 415–419
 - intensity of radiation, 404–406
 - and Kirchoff's law, 397–398
 - monochromatic absorption coefficient, 402–404
 - monochromatic emissive power, 399–400
 - monochromatic intensity of radiation, 406
 - radiant shields, 425–426
 - spectral radiant energy distribution for blackbody, 400–401
 - view-factor algebra, 413–414
 - wavelength spectrum for, 395
- Radiation heat transfer coefficient, 70
- Radiation-convection coefficients, 74
- Radiosity, 419
- Ranz, W. E., 68
- Rating, of heat exchangers, 193–195
- Raw-gas burners, 454
- Reactor-feed preheaters, 446, 447
- Reboiler area calculation, 376–379
- Reboilers, 367–392, 485
 - applications of boiling heat transfer equipment, 374, 375
- Reboilers (*Cont.*):
 - axial-flow reboilers, 383–392
 - examples, 389–392
 - limitations to heat-flux density, 388–389
 - liquid single-phase region, 384–386
 - saturated boiling region, 386–387
 - verification of recirculation rate, 387–388
 - vertical thermosiphon reboiler design, 383–384
 - defined, 79
 - forced-circulation reboilers, 367–368
 - horizontal thermosiphon reboilers, 371, 372, 383
 - internal reboilers, 374
 - kettle reboilers, 371, 373–374, 376–383
 - examples, 380–383
 - heat balance, 376
 - Kern's recommendations for maximum heat flux, 379
 - maximum heat-flux density and film boiling, 379
 - reboiler area calculation, 376–379
 - shell sizing, 380
 - thermal design of
 - general aspects, 375–376
 - kettle reboilers, 376–383
 - vertical thermosiphon reboilers, 368–372
- Recirculation rate, 387–388
- Refinery hydrocrackers, 446
- Reflashing, 305
- Reflection coefficient, 396
- Reflux, 485, 487
- Reflux countercurrent condensers, 315
- Reflux ratio, 487
- Refractories, 415–419
- Regulation, of steam flow, 324–327
- Removable-bundle heat exchangers, 133–139
 - externally-sealed floating-head, 139
 - outside-packed floating-head, 137–138
 - outside-packed lantern-ring, 139
 - pull-through floating-head, 134–135
 - split-ring floating-head, 135–137
 - U-tube, 136–137
- Residuum, 525
- Resistance(s), 82–86
 - controlling (*see* Controlling resistance)

- Resistance(s) (*Cont.*):
 effect of controlling, 352
 example of, 85–86
 fouling (*see* Fouling resistance(s))
 to heat transmission, 84
 individual heat transfer, 82–84
- Reynolds number, 55
 for plate heat exchangers,
 267–268
 shell-side, 164–166
- Roberts, D. N., 354, 355
- Rohsenow, W., 346
- Rohsenow correlation, 346–347,
 350–352
- Roof, heat loss through, 74–75
- Roughness, 59
- S**
- Saturated boiling, 340
 defined, 331
 illustration of, 332
 start of, 359–360
- Saturated boiling region, 360,
 386–387
- Saturated nucleate boiling,
 suppression of, 361
- Saturation curve, 385
- SBR (styrene butadiene rubber),
 262
- Sealing strips, 169, 178
- Segmental baffles, 117, 118
- Semiannular flow, 353
- Semiwelded plate heat exchangers,
 265
- Sensible heat, 275, 376
- Series-parallel plate heat exchangers,
 258–260
- Serrated fins, 453
- 7–8 heat exchangers, 209
- SH₂, 538
- Shape factor, 26–27
- Shear stress, in moving fluid, 35–37
- Shell entrance or exit areas, 122
- Shell number, 158
- Shell passes, 158
- Shell sizing, 380
- Shell-and-tube condenser, 276
- Shell-and-tube heat exchangers,
 115–146
 baffles in, 117–121
 comparison of, 139, 140
 components of, 116–117
 design/construction of, 145–146
 design/construction standards for,
 115–116
 fixed-tubesheet, 133
 front heads in, 131–132
 LMTD correction factors for,
 495–500
 multipass, 126–128
- Shell-and-tube heat exchangers (*Cont.*):
 with multiple shell passes,
 128–131
 nomenclature for, 116
 overall heat transfer coefficients
 for, 527
 plate heat exchangers vs.,
 265–266
 removable-bundle, 133–139
 specification sheet terminology,
 144–145
 TEMA Standards, 139, 141
 tube failure regions, 143
 tube vibration in, 140–144
 tubes/tube distribution in,
 122–124
 tube-to-tubesheet joints in,
 124–126
- Shell-and-tube heat exchanger
 design, 147–214
 convection film coefficient, 160
 and cross-mixing hypothesis,
 148–150
 design parameters of, 157–159
 design procedure in, 196–202
 effectiveness of, 205–213
 analysis of effectiveness graphs,
 212–213
 outlet temperature calculation,
 205–210
 physical interpretation, 210–211
 physical interpretation of,
 210–211
 frictional pressure drop, 161–164
 heat transfer coefficient and
 pressure drop at shell side,
 164–193
 accuracy of correlations,
 187–193
 Bell method, 173–186
 computational techniques,
 186–187
 Kern method, 164–168
 performance factors, 167–173
 LMTD calculation in, 148–150
 LMTD correction factors,
 151–157
 rating of existing units, 193–195
 software design programs for,
 202–204
 techniques for, 147–148
- Shell-side condensation:
 horizontal condensers with, 295,
 296, 299
 vertical condensers with, 294–
 295, 299
- Shell-side heat transfer coefficient,
 164–168
- Shell-side Reynolds number,
 164–166
- Shield tubes, 450, 462, 470
- Shields, radiant, 425–426
- Sieder, E., 56
- Silicium, 452
- Silicones, 262–263
- Single cylinders in cross-flow, 64
- Single phase, heat transfer
 coefficient for, 527
- Single-component vapors
 condensation, 277–292
 effect of vapor velocity on,
 289–292
 film condensation in turbulent
 flow, 288–289
 filmwise condensation, 277–288
 condensate-film thickness, 281
 condensation heat transfer film
 coefficient, 278–279
 condensation heat transfer
 coefficient, 282–283
 example, 287–288
 over horizontal tubes, 283,
 286–287
 over vertical surfaces, 283–286
 velocity profile in descending
 film, 279–281
 inside horizontal tubes, 289–290
 inside vertical tubes, 290–291
 outside tubes with high vapor
 velocities, 291–292
- Single-component vapors
 condensers, 292–302
 design of, 297–302
 horizontal, 295–297
 partial, 297
 vertical, 294–296
- Single-pass air coolers, 239
- Single-phase convection, 332, 346
- Single-phase liquid convection
 region, 358
 6–12 heat exchangers, 500
- Slug flow, 353
- Small, W. M., 379
- SO₂, 538
- SO₃, 538
- Software, 1–2, 202–204
- Soils, conductivity of, 27
- Solid fins, 453
- Solids, conduction in (*see*
 Conduction, in solids)
- Specific heat:
 at constant pressure, 8, 9
 at constant volume, 8
 unit conversion for, 552
- Specification sheet, 144–145
- Spectral radiant energy distribution,
 400–401
- Spheres, 64, 68
- Split-ring floating-head heat
 exchangers, 135–137, 140

- Square tubes pattern, 158
 Stable film boiling zone, 349
 Stacks, in fired heaters, 455–457
 Stage-air burners, 455, 456
 Staggered arrays, 177
 Stagnant point, 60, 63
 Standards, design and construction, 115–116
 (See also *specific standards*; e.g. API Standard(s))
 Stanton number, 56
 Stationary tubesheets, 133
 Steady-state conduction, 26–28
 Steady-state convection, 35
 Steady-state systems, 5
 Steam flow, regulation of, 324–327
 Steam generators, 319
 Steam heaters, 527
 Steam systems, 318–327
 effect of air in, 321
 installations of, 319–321
 regulation of steam flow in, 324–327
 steam traps in, 321–324
 Steam traps, 321–324
 float-type trap, 322, 323
 inverted-bucket steam trap, 322, 323
 thermodynamic trap, 323–324
 thermostatic Bellows trap, 321, 322
 Steam-hydrocarbon reformer heaters, 447
 Stephan, K., 348
 Stephan and Abdesalam correlations, 348, 349
 Stephan correlation, 350–352
 Stratified flow, 289
 Streams, physical properties of, 227
 Structural moisture barriers, 30
 Styrene, 535
 Styrene butadiene rubber (SBR), 262
 Subcooled boiling, 331, 332
 Subcooled nucleate boiling, onset of, 358, 359
 Subcooled nucleate boiling region, 358, 359
 Sublaminar layer, 38
 Submerged objects, forced convection around, 60–66
 fluid flow over submerged bodies, 60–62
 heat transfer coefficient, 62–66
 Sun, temperature of, 401
 Supercritical pressure, 366
 Superheat correction factor, 334, 335
 Suppression factor, 364, 365
 Surface area, heat exchanger, 193
- T**
 Taborek, J., 187, 378
 Tanks, insulation of, 32
 Tate, G., 56
- Technical specifications, 145–146
 TEMA (see Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association)
 TEMA Standards, 115, 116, 139, 140
 Temperature(s):
 defined, 5
 of insulation materials, 31
 and internal energy, 5
 of sun, 401
 unit conversion for, 551
 viscosity as function of, 161
 Temperature control, 250–251
 Temperature profile, 52
 Temperature-profile distortion, 172–173
 Temperatures difference, 237–240
 (See also Mean temperature difference)
 Tension-wrapped tube bundles, 231, 233
 Theoretical tray, 489
 Thermal boundary layer, 39, 40
 Thermal conductivity:
 defined, 10
 of fin material, 224
 unit conversion for, 553
 Thermal conductivity units, 10
 Thermal design, 145
 Thermal diagrams, 89–91
 Thermal energy, 5
 Thermal equilibrium, 398
 Thermal expansion coefficient, 67
 Thermal insulation, 28–33
 characteristics of, 28–29
 factors affecting, 31
 installation of, 31–32
 materials for, 29–30
 moisture barriers with, 30
 rationale for using, 28
 thickness of, 32–33
 water permeability values for, 29
 Thermal performance, 99–101
 Thermal radiation (see Radiation)
 Thermodynamic state, of system, 8
 Thermodynamic traps, 323–324
 Thermodynamics, first law of, 4
 Thermosiphon reboilers:
 horizontal, 371, 372, 383
 thermal design of, 383–384
 vertical, 368–372, 383–384
 Thermosiphon steam generators, 375
 Thermostatic Bellows traps, 321, 322
 Three shell passes, 131
 Three-pass cross-flow, both fluids unmixed, 503
 3–6 heat exchangers, 497
 Tie rods, 120, 121
 Toluene, 534
- Total absorption factor, 429–430
 Total condensers, in distillation, 488, 489
 Total emissivity, 429–430
T-Q diagram, 90, 91
 Transition flux zone, 349
 Transition regime, 56
 Transmission coefficient, 396
 Transparent media, radiation through, 395–426
 absorption/reflection/transmission coefficients for, 396
 blackbody emission distribution, 406–407
 blackbody intensity of radiation and emissive power, 408–409
 and cavity as blackbody, 398–399
 directional emissive power, 407–408
 electric analogy, 414
 emission from surfaces, 401–402
 enclosures with gray surfaces, 419–422
 gray bodies, 402–404
 heat transfer among three blackbodies, 414–415
 heat transfer between blackbodies, 409–412
 heat transfer between gray body and surrounding body, 422–424
 insulating walls/refractories, 415–419
 intensity of radiation, 404–406
 and Kirchoff's law, 397–398
 monochromatic absorption coefficient, 402–404
 monochromatic emissive power, 399–400
 monochromatic intensity of radiation, 406
 radiant shields, 425–426
 spectral radiant energy distribution for blackbody, 400–401
 view-factor algebra, 413–414
 Transversal baffles, 129
 Transversal corrugations, 261
 Trays, schematic of, 490
 Triangular tube arrays, 158
 Tube bundles:
 in air coolers, 231–234
 convection, 64–66
 in reboilers, 378
 Tube count tables, 505–508
 1-in tubes on square array, pitch 1 in TEMA type S, 508
 1-in tubes on square array, pitch 1.25 in TEMA type U, 508

- Tube count tables (*Cont.*):
- 1-in tubes on triangular array, pitch 1.25 in TEMA type L, 507
 - 3/4-in tubes on square array, pitch 1 in TEMA type S, 506
 - 3/4-in tubes on square array, pitch 1 in TEMA type U, 507
 - 3/4-in tubes on triangular array, pitch 1 in TEMA type L, 506
 - pass-partition arrangement diagrams, 505
- Tube diameter:
- selection of, 102, 104–105
 - in shell-and-tube heat exchanger design, 158
- Tube dimensions (BWG standard), 529
- Tube distribution patterns, 122–124
- Tube layouts, 509–522
- 1-in tube distribution in 1.25-in square pattern
 - two-pass configuration, rear head type S, 519
 - two-pass configuration, rear head type U, 521
 - four-pass configuration, rear head type S, 520
 - four-pass configuration, rear head type U, 522
 - 1-in tube distribution in 1.25-in triangular pattern
 - one-pass configuration, rear head type L, 516
 - two-pass configuration, rear head type L, 517
 - four-pass configuration, rear head type L, 518
 - 3/4-in tube distribution in 1-in square pattern
 - two-pass configuration, rear head type S, 512
 - two-pass configuration, rear head type U, 514
 - four-pass configuration, rear head type S, 513
 - four-pass configuration, rear head type U, 515
 - 3/4-in tube distribution in 1-in triangular pattern
 - one-pass configuration, rear head type L, 509
 - two-pass configuration, rear head type L, 510
 - four-pass configuration, rear head type L, 511
- Tube length, 103, 159
- Tube numbers, 103, 158–159
- Tube passes, 158–159
- Tube patterns:
- illustration of, 166
 - in shell-and-tube heat exchangers, 122–124, 158, 171, 172
- Tube pitch, 122–124
- Tube rows, 177
- Tube vibration, 140–144
- corrective measures for, 144
 - damage from, 141, 142
 - failure regions with, 143–144
 - mechanisms of, 142
 - treatment of, 143–144
- Tubes:
- centrally mounted, 465
 - condensation outside, with high vapor velocities, 291–292
 - in fired heaters, 452–454
 - flow boiling in, 352–367
 - correlations, 358–367
 - flow-pattern characterization, 353–355
 - frictional pressure drop, 355–356
 - heat transfer mechanisms for boiling inside vertical tubes, 356–358
 - two-phase flow patterns, 352–354
 - forced convection inside, 44–60
 - dimensionless numbers, 55
 - empirical correlations, 56
 - equivalent diameter, 59–60
 - example, 58–59
 - film heat transfer coefficients, 55
 - fluid velocity distribution, 44–46
 - heat transfer from wall to fluid, 53
 - heat transfer coefficient, 53–54
 - influence of wall temperature, 55–56
 - j_H dimensionless factor, 56–58
 - local film heat transfer coefficient, 53–54
 - mean temperature difference, 54–55
 - nonisothermal flow, 49–52
 - pressure drop, 47–49
 - Stanton number, 56
 - temperature profile development, 52
 - impingement protection for, 122, 123
 - materials for, 122
 - in shell-and-tube heat exchangers, 122–124
- Tubesheet clamping effect, 142
- Tubesheets, 143, 453, 454
- Tube-to-tubesheet joints, 124–126
- Tube-wall dryout, 358
- Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association (TEMA), 115, 173
- Tubular heat exchangers, correction factors for, 177–178
- Turbulent boundary layers, 37–39
- Turbulent buffeting, 142, 144
- Turbulent flow:
- convection in, 35, 56
 - effect of baffle window on, 182
 - film condensation in, 288–289
 - in shell-side heat transfer, 181
- 2–4 heat exchangers:
- LMTD correction factors for, 496
 - pressure drop in, 167, 168
 - temperatures evolution in, 130
 - with two shells, 156
- Two-pass cross-flow, both fluids unmixed, 502
- Two-pass heat exchangers, 127, 158–159
- Two-phase flow patterns, 352–354
- Two-phase force convection region, 358, 362
- Two-phase (boiling-in-tubes) systems, 352–356
- flow patterns, 352–354
 - flow-pattern characterization, 354–355
 - frictional pressure drop, 355–356
 - liquid and vapor volume fractions, 354
- T - x diagram, 90
- U
- Undisturbed free stream, 37
- Unit conversions, 551–553
- area, 551
 - density, 551
 - energy, 552
 - force, 552
 - heat-flux density, 553
 - heat transfer coefficients, 553
 - length, 551
 - mass, 551
 - physical constants, 552
 - power-heat flux, 552
 - pressure, 552
 - specific heat, 552
 - temperature, 551
 - thermal conductivity, 553
 - viscosity, 553
 - volume, 551
- Unit operations, 3
- Unsupported spans, 120, 159
- Utility streams, 79
- U-tube bends, 143, 144, 453
- U-tube heat exchangers, 136–137, 140

V

Vapor mixtures condensation, 309–318
 design, 315
 diffusional processes, 311–315
 example, 316–318
 Vapor velocity, 289–292
 Vapor volume fraction, 354
 Vapors:
 condensation of (*see* Condensation)
 fouling resistances for, 524
 Velocity boundary layer, 11
 Velocity distribution (forced convection inside tubes), 44–46
 Velocity heads, 457
 Velocity profile, 279–281
 Vertical condensers, 294–296, 299
 Vertical cylindrical fired heaters, 448–450
 Vertical plates:
 condensation over, 283–284
 natural convection on, 68
 Vertical thermosiphon reboilers, 368–372, 383–384
 Vertical tube bundles, 285–286
 Vertical tubes:
 boiling heat transfer inside, 356–358

Vertical tubes (*Cont.*):
 condensation inside, 290–291, 299
 condensation over, 284–285
 natural convection in, 68
 Vessels, insulation of, 32
 Vibration, tube, 140–144
 View factor, 410–412
 View-factor algebra, 413–414
 Visbreaker, 525
 Viscosity, 56, 70, 161, 553
 Viscous fluids, 447
 Visible radiation, 395
 Volume:
 measurement of, 8
 unit conversion for, 551
 Von Karman turbulence, 142
 Vortex shedding, 142–144

W

Wall temperatures:
 calculation of, 226
 influence of, on convection in tubes, 55–56
 Wallis, G. B., 291
 Wall-mounted burners, heaters with, 451–452
 Walls:
 conduction through, 16–25
 cylindrical, 23–25

Walls, conduction through (*Cont.*):
 planar, 17–22
 two fluids separated by wall, 18–20
 natural-convection heat loss through insulated, 71–75
 Washboard corrugations, 260, 261
 Water:
 fouling resistances for, 523
 heat transfer coefficient for, 528
 pressure drop in, 107–109
 Water permeability values, 29
 Water vapor, emissivity of, 432, 433
 Water-cooled condensers, 527
 Water-treatment units, 319, 320
 Weierman, C., 470, 472
 Welded joints, 126
 Welded plate heat exchangers, 265
 White bodies, 396
 Whitley, D. L., 187
 Wien's displacement law, 401
 Wispy annular flow, 353
 Work, 4
 Wrapped tube bundles, 233
 Z
 Z parameter, 243, 244
 Zuber, N., 347, 349, 363
 Zuber equation, 349